The Argus

Will be Published Every Wednesday,

IN THE OLD ARGUS BUILDING,

THIRD ST., BEAVER, PA.,

At $2.00 per annum in Advance.

☞ Letters and contributions, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

J. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of machinists, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been the plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale: also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King,"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in tile or fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium. Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two Irons, Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNILEY.

R. A. WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR NUmerous friends and the public generally, that they intend opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 5th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES,

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or neighborhood, as their Stock of Goods are all new, and bought at the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffees as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. Produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater, Feb. 27, 1867—1y.

E. TENT STEWART.....R. A. WILSON.

SPRING AND SUMMER!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WILSON & STEWART,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBlic, that they have have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boys' and Chilren's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

All of the latest styles, that have ever been brought to this county, and which they are prepared to sell

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

Than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and invite purchasers to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

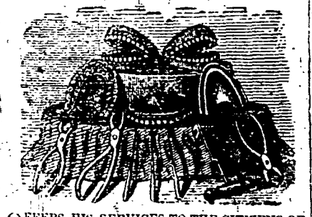
We have a shop connected to do all repairing.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, PA.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.



OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

Artificial Teeth perfectly fitted, Articulated, Shaped, Tinted and Colored, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American Vulcanite. Teeth extracted without pain by an entirely new process, no Ether, Chloroform, Nitrous-oxide or any other anæsthetic used in connection with the apparatus.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [feb26'67:6m.

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES

—AND—

OIL CLOTHS

—AT THE—

Lowest Possible Rates,

—AT—

MRS. M. DONLEY'S

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

In the Diamond,

ROCHESTER, PA.

New School and other Books, Stationery, Eastern Papers and Magazines.

All orders promptly attended to. [mar28'67:3m

ANDREW WRAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Practicing in the several courts of Beaver County, will promptly attend to all kinds of legal business in this or counties adjoining.

Collections will be expeditiously made in all amounts upon all sorts of claims, either in this county and State or in more distant localities.

In Conveyancing, immediate attention will be given to the drawing of bonds, deeds, leases, articles of agreement, to the furnishing of abstracts of title, and to the careful preparation of all sorts of legal instruments.

Mortgages, judgment and other securities in all sums bought or sold.

☞ Office in building of Jos. C. Wilson, Esq., near Moore's Drug Store, Third Street, Beaver, Pa. [aug15'66:1y.

C. J. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. Railroad and Bridge sts. [my1'67:3m

FARMERS, READ THIS!

BUCKEYE

Mower and Reaper!

AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

This extensively known, and deservedly popular Machine was submitted to the most vigorous test of its superiority, at a trial of competing machines that took place under the management of the New York Society, at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866. The committee consisted of eleven judges, and *forty* machines were entered as contestants for the prize. The trial lasted three weeks and the tests were most thorough. The result was announced at the State Fair held at Saratoga on the 12th of September last, and the

GRAND GOLD MEDAL

was then awarded the

BUCKEYE

as the machine

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS!

A similar testimony was awarded it in the same State in 1865. This machine is regarded by the thousands who can speak from experience, as the

Best in the World!

and is manufactured by the Incorporated Company of

C. AULTMAN & CO.

CANTON, OHIO.

Persons wanting any of these machines, can have them by applying to the undersigned, who is the agent for Beaver county.

JAMES PATTERSON,
apr17'67:3m New Galilee, Pa.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 & 28 ST. CLAIR ST.,

Pittsburg, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
ENAMELED OIL CLOTHS,
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
STAIR OIL CLOTHS,

Transparent Green Oil Cloth,

for window shades.

Transparent Window Shades,

BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
TASSELS, CORDS, &c., &c.

ALSO, DEALERS IN

India Rubber Machine Belting, Hose, Steam Packing, Casket, Tubing, Cement, Clothing, and Rubber goods generally.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Rivets, Lubricating Steam Packing, &c.

Agents for the Universal Clothes Wringer.

A general assortment of the above named goods always on hand.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. [my1'67:6m

NOT YET "GONE UNDER."

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY Inform his friends and the public generally, that he "still lives," and keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

LADIES',
GENTLEMEN'S
AND CHILDREN'S

Boots and Shoes,

OF ALL KINDS,

Which he will sell at the lowest possible prices. In addition to his Eastern made stock of Boots and Shoes, he also keeps on hand a large assortment of his own manufacture, and is prepared to do job work or repairing on the shortest notice, and as well as can be done at any other shop in the county.

Thankful for the public for past favors in my business, I respectfully ask that they may be continued. All Eastern work that rips will be repaired free of charge.

apr24'67:3m ROBERT TALLON.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HIS FARM FOR SALE, situated in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pa., on a public road ½ a mile south of Enon Station, on P., Ft. W. & C. Ry. Said farm is adapted either to raising Grain or Stock. It is well watered, contains 115 acres; 85 of which are cleared and balance in timber. The improvements are a good DWELLING HOUSE, a STABLE, with Wagon Shed and Corn-crib attached, and a Sheep House; 28 by 44 feet. There are on the farm over 200 PEAR TREES—300 Apple and 60 Peach and Cherry, of the very best varieties. Two hundred of the apple trees are beginning to bear fruit. Part of the farm is underlaid with TWO OR THREE VEINS OF COAL, from 2 to 4 feet in thickness.

The neighborhood is good. Schools and churches are convenient, and there is an excellent market at Enon Station.

If not sold before, the whole or 25 acres of the Farm will be offered at Public Sale on SATURDAY, JUNE 15th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m. Title indisputable.

Apply to J. I. REED,
Enon Valley, Pa.

REMOVAL.

G. BRAUN HAS REMOVED HIS CLOTHING AND FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT to the new building on Main street, nearly opposite to the Union Co-operative Store in New Brighton, Pa.

He also takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received from the east a large and well selected stock of Spring Goods, which he proposes to sell at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

Clothing made to order on the shortest notice. All work warranted to fit. apr3'67:3m

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, Pa., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my1'66:tf

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED agent for the Ætna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and likewise for the Niagara Insurance Company of New York, and the Enterprise Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Each of these Companies insure dwellings, out-buildings, Stores, Manufactories, &c., &c., against loss by fire, on favorable terms for five years or less.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid when the insurance is effected. All business connected with either of these Companies attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOS. M'CLURE, Agent.
apr22'67—1y. Beaver, Pa.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer—LAUGHING GAS—and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.

☞ Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.
ja26'67—1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

A Great Change!

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

AT THE

Corner of Diamond & Third St.,

Beaver, Pa.

THE DRUG STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY Hamilton & Anderson has been purchased by

J. B. RHODES,

WHO NOW OFFERS

A Full and Complete Stock of

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS,

Perfumery,

SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES,

And Brushes of All Kinds.

PROPRIETARY GOODS AND DYE-STUFFS.

☞ We are prepared to sell PURE AND SECOND QUALITY WHITE LEAD, AND OILS OF ALL KINDS, *at Pittsburgh prices.*

☞ *Please Call and be Convinced!!* ☜

WINDOW GLASS OF ALL SIZES.

Our stock of Alcohols, Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, and other Liquors, will be found complete, and, being selected with great care, can be relied upon as being *Pure* as can be obtained, and will be sold for Medical, Mechanical, and Sacramental purposes *only.*

☞ Prescriptions and Family Receipts Accurately Filled at All Hours.

Our Prescription and Medicine Department being under the personal supervision of Mr. L. M. HAMILTON, with an experience of seven years, we flatter ourselves that we can give full satisfaction in any branch of the business.

☞ Remember the place, on the corner of the Post Office road and Third street and the Diamond, Beaver.

All are respectfully invited to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Beaver, Apr24'67:1y J. B. RHODES.

J. H. BENCE,

THIRD STREET, (1 DOOR BELOW SEMINARY,)

Beaver, Pa.

OFFERS TO HIS FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS a select Stock of the

LATEST STYLES

In Trimmings,

EMBROIDERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
LACES,
RUFFLES,
RIBBONS,
BUTTONS,
HOSIERY,
CORSETS,
GLOVES,
TIDIES,
BAL. SKIRTS.

The new style Invisible Empress Trail Hoop Skirt, Veil Stuffs, Grenadines, Sun Umbrellas, Zephyrs, Ladies' and Gent's Paper Cuffs and Collars, &c.

MILLINERY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Hats and Bonnets, very cheap. Flowers in every variety, cheap. Hats and Bonnets altered and cleaned, cheap.

Also, Dress-making, Cloak and Sack Cutting, Pinking, &c., &c.

Madame Demorest's Latest Paris and N. York Trimmed Patterns constantly on hand.

PATTERNS FOR SALE.

As our stock has been purchased at low prices, it is offered at corresponding low rates. Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

☞ Don't forget the place—one door below the Seminary, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

J. H. BENCE.

apr17'67:3m

NEW GROCERY STORE!

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE IN informing the people of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE

in the building in which his Feed Store is now kept, on

THIRD STREET, BEAVER,

where will be found an excellent assortment of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

Bedcords, Washtubs, Keelers, Tinware, and in fact every article usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

In connection with his Grocery, he still continues to keep his FLOUR AND FEED STORE, where the best articles in this line are constantly kept, and offered cheap for Cash or Produce.

jan9'67:1y SIMON SNITGER.

C. F. WINTER.....W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER.)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Wares, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS, NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan2'67

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49—No. 22. Beaver, Wednesday, May 29, 1867. Established 1818

CONFESSION.

Robert Fogler, who was arrested in Washington, Washington county, Pa., on the 12th of this month, and who subsequently confessed to the murder of Mr. Dinsmore, has requested that he be published to the world, among those, the papers of this county.

I, Robert Fogler, was born in Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., April 2, 1844. My father was of German descent. He came to this country when quite young. My father was killed about fourteen years ago, as near as I can recollect, by a log rolling over him. He was one of the pioneers to settle Frank Fogler, residing in the eastern part of this county. My father's name was Martin Fogler. I think he was a member of the German Reformed Church. I will not be positive. My mother was born in Hagerstown, Washington county, Pa., where she died about four years ago. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Pittsburgh.

I was in the family of Wm. Harvey, a farmer residing in Darlington township, about two miles and a half north of this borough, from the Fall of 1863 until the Spring of 1864, at which time I entered the army, and was assigned to Company I of the Ringgold Battalion. I remained in Quarantine until the 6th of November, 1863, I then being discharged from the army I spent the winter in Frederic City, Md. I came to this place about the 1st of April, 1866. I worked four or five weeks for William Harvey. I commenced to work for William Montgomery, Esq., June 11th, and was to stay with him three months. I remained until about the middle of November.

While at Mr. Montgomery's there was a number of plans laid by two different persons. The plans were proposed by Mr. Montgomery's boys. I would consent to them at the time they were proposed, but when the time of action arrived I always backed out; it appeared that my conscience would not permit me to commit the sin. James Montgomery proposed to "Babe" (meaning by "Babe" William Montgomery, just as he is called "Babe" on account of being the youngest of the family) and myself that we should blow open the safe of J. K. Milner, Hirsh & Caton; also a merchant tailor by the name of Reiker, whose store is next door to the saloon of Charley Weis, and even wanted us to rob his father's house. He said he would get a large amount of money—both paper and gold coin. The above was proposed by James Montgomery, a son of Hon. Wm. Montgomery. "Babe" proposed to rob the house of Martha Black.—He stated that he could get the key of her safe at any time if I would accompany him.—Martha Black is the daughter of George Black, deceased, and is now the daughter-in-law of Esq. Montgomery.

The Dinsmore robbery was proposed first to me by James Montgomery. He told me one evening, along about the first of October, that there was a certain Mr. Dinsmore dealt at his store, that was said to be very wealthy.—He said he (Mr. Dinsmore) was in his store offering a thousand dollar bill to be changed, and said he would give any one five dollars that would change it, or get it changed for him. I told "Babe" about the matter, and asked him his views of the matter; he said he was "in." That was all that was said at this time about the matter. [illegible] above conversation [illegible] James Montgomery knew that Mr. Dinsmore had been East with a lot of hogs, and had just returned and had plenty of money, and now was the time to go for it. A short time after I had left Montgomery's, "Babe" and I made up to go to Mr. Dinsmore's and rob him.—We started from town on a certain night together shortly after dark. We were armed with a Colt's navy revolver—the same shown in Court. I got cartridges for the pistol at the store of Robert Dougan. We took a box of boot blacking along for the purpose of blacking our hands and faces. We applied the blacking with a shaving brush, in the stable of William Montgomery, before starting to Mr. Dinsmore's. We wore army overcoats, and old worn out silk hats, both of us. We got the blacking and brush at the grocery of James Montgomery before leaving town. We went out the old Middleton road. We did not exactly know where Mr. Dinsmore lived. We inquired the road at James Brigg's house, a farmer residing about four miles from this place, and was directed by them. "Babe" went on while I enquired the road. I did not enter the house, but hallowed from the road. After searching for some time for Mr. Dinsmore's we gave it up, and "Babe" said he had an aunt living down in a [illegible] hollow or low land, which he pointed out to me, and that they and Mr. Dinsmore were neighbors. He proposed to go there and inquire the road.—He said he knew that Miller's family (meaning Henry Miller, who is a brother-in-law of the Hon. Wm. Montgomery) and Mr. Dinsmore's were on good terms, because he had seen Mr. Dinsmore get some snuff one day at James Montgomery's and he (Mr. D.) told him that it was for his aunt, meaning Mrs. Miller.

We then went to Miller's. The house stands a short distance off the road. "Babe" went to the house, and I remained at a pair of bars; the bars are used as an inlet from the road to the house. I could hear him hallowing distinctly from where I was; he hallowed several times, but no one answered him; I think they were all in bed. After he had stopped hallowing I heard a noise like the falling of glass, or the violent pushing open of a door with a chain on for fastening on the outside, which a great many farmers use. After the noise I heard some one running towards me, which I soon found out to be "Babe" returning. I asked him what the noise was; he said he had thrown a stone through one of the windows, and he knew it had scared them nearly to death.

After "Babe" came back from the house we started to come back to Washington again.—We came back the same road we went. We walked, both going and coming. We came to the stable of his father and there left our hats and coats. The coats were army overcoats; both were colored black, and both had capes on them. "Babe" came up to town with me; we washed the black of our hands and faces at the watering trough on the farm of Harrison Shirls; the watering trough is on the side of the Middletown road, for the accommodation of the public. We came on up to town, and when we got to the corner of Main street the town clock struck twelve. We came up Chestnut street. "Babe" left me on the corner of Main and Chestnut streets. He was staying in town at the late residence of George Black, deceased, for company for Mrs. Mary Creacraft, formerly Mary Black. I went to my boarding house and went to my bed.

We then gave up going to Mr. Dinsmore's until the night of the 4th of December last, and I believe we would have given up the idea of robbing Mr. Dinsmore altogether had it not been for the second suggestion of James Montgomery. He came to me one day and asked me when we were going to rob Mr. Dinsmore. I told him I didn't know. Says he, "You fellows are getting behind," meaning "Babe" and myself. I was selling lamp-burners and stove lifters, and trying to buy corn for James Montgomery—went to the house of Mr. Dinsmore on purpose to find out where he lived—was at a number of farmers' houses the day I was at Mr. Dinsmore's—got a horse to ride at Wm. Montgomery's.

The Monday before the murder "Babe" and I were at the house of Nancy Mull, on the farm of John L. Cooke. We took the pistol along with us for the purpose of discharging the loads from it, which we failed to do. We thought perhaps the powder had got damp, and concluded to draw them by hand. The morning of the 4th of December last was very disagreeable. Rain had been falling all the morning up till about eleven o'clock, when it cleared up. James Montgomery and myself went to the grocery of James Mounts & Bro about eleven o'clock that morning. While there "Babe" came in town and was passing the store, when I hallowed to him to stop, which he did, and came in the store. We stayed a few minutes after "Babe" came in, when we all three left the store together, James and "Babe" Montgomery and myself. We went from there to the store of James Montgomery, when "Babe" and I at once set about preparing to go to Mr. Dinsmore's that night. We got the pistol out of the drawer and went into the front room, and "Babe" drew five balls from the pistol with a small gimlet. We then ascertained the reason we could not discharge the pistol before. It had been loaded, and some one had run melted lead in the chambers of the cylinder, and it had stopped up the holes in the nipples. The chambers had been run about one fourth full of lead. I told "Babe" to get some cork and burn it, to black our faces and hands with, and he replied he would.

At the ringing of the court bell for the afternoon session, "Bobbie" Poland came to me and asked me if I was going up to court; I told him I would go. After we had gone out of Montgomery's store, "Bobbie" asked me to go back and get him a sheet of foolscap writing paper, to write a song on, which I did; got the paper at Montgomery's store, and gave it to him. He and I then came up to the court room, where I remained about an hour. I left the court house about three o'clock, and went back to the store of James Montgomery, and asked "Babe" if he felt like taking a walk down street. He said he would. We went down as far as the Railroad Hotel, and stopped on the corner and commenced talking to John Arnold. We had not been there but a few moments when Robert Bolton came down street on the other side. "Babe" hallowed to Bolton to come over which he did. He and "Babe" talked a few moments when Bolton remarked that he must go, and asked "Babe" if he was going down street. Bolton, "Babe" and myself all started down street together; Bolton left us at the depot. "Babe" and I crossed over to the other side of the street, and came back up to James Montgomery's store again. We went from there to the barber shop under the Mansion House, and both got shaved. We went from the barber shop to the "Iron Clad" saloon and got a glass of beer, each of us. We drank nothing more.—We went from the saloon to the store of Robt. Dougan, and I got one package of No. 44 cartridges. The package contained six cartridges. I wanted "Babe" to get the cartridges, but he would not; he owed Mr. Dougan some money, and had not the change to pay him just at that time. I think "Babe" stopped in Vowell's drug store or Seaman's marble works while I was in the store of Mr. Dougan.

We then went back to James Montgomery's store, and both went in and sat down. Mr. Dinsmore came into the store shortly after we did, and commenced talking with me about a lamp-burner that I had sold him. In a few minutes "Babe" got his books and said he must go home. Mr. Dinsmore then went up to him and asked him if he studied Latin; "Babe" told him he did not. Mr. Dinsmore remarked if he did he would read his lesson for him. "Babe" then started for home, and told me to come out as soon as it was dark, and to bring everything.

Between sundown and dark I went up to my boarding house to get my supper. I got the pistol and fastened it around me. I then asked James Montgomery for some powder to load the pistol, and a cake of soap to wash off with, which he gave me. I then started up street to get my supper. Mrs Nibley was not at home when I went there. I forgot the dark lantern we intended to take with us. I then went down street again—went in James Montgomery's store, and told him to give me the dark lantern. It was in one of the drawers behind the counter. He gave it to me, and I asked him if he had any sperm or star candles. He said he had not, but would give me money to get one. I told him I would rather he would get it, which he did. I remained in the store while he was gone. When he came back he asked me how we were going to work it to get Mr. Dinsmore out. I told him I was going to tell Mr. Dinsmore that Miller's family was sick. He told me if he was me he would fire some of the outbuildings, and while the family was putting the fire out we could rob the house, he said that was the way William Kelley done the time he robbed his father's house. I told him I would not do anything of that kind, for if we were detected it would go hard with us, for the Commonwealth could bring two indictments against us—one for arson, and one for burglary.

The candle I have described above was furnished by James Montgomery. After the above conversation I again went to my boarding house. Mrs. Wibley was still absent. I entered the house and proceeded to load the pistol and get ready. I put the old pants on over my black ones, (the pants were found the next morning by James Grier) and I had everything ready to start by the time supper was ready. We ate supper by candle light.—While at supper Levi Hamilton came in and sat down by the fire. After I got through with my supper, I went up to the fire and commenced talking with Mr. Hamilton about the case of Coogle and Baird—talked a few moments and then went out and started down the Hickory road, which road is the prolongation of Main street in this borough. I met Mr Kidd, the Clerk of the Court, about midway between his residence and Walnut street—he was coming toward town, carrying a lighted lantern in his hand. Know Mr. Kidd when I see him, but have not a speaking acquaintance with him.

I kept the Hickory road until I came to where the field of William Montgomery joins the lots of Frederic Naser. I then crossed into the fields and kept on across to the residence of William Montgomery. When I came to the stable the back door was open, and when I was about to enter the stable I observed one of the front doors was open also, and some one gave a signal of silence. The sound came from the direction of the front door.—I advanced toward the front door, where the sound came from, and found it was "Babe" that gave the signal. He had a knife. The knife blade was about ten or twelve inches long, as near as I could judge, and about an inch and a half wide. He was cutting at a strap, about two inches wide, with the knife. The knife was new, and apparently had not been used much. I asked him what he was doing. He said he was making a belt to take the knife along, and to carry it in. Says I, "what do you want with the knife?" Says I, "You do not need it." He replied he was going to take it anyhow. He then asked me with an oath or by word, what kept me so long. I took my excuse, and he seemed satisfied. I then asked where he got the knife; he replied in the house. Says he, "There is an overcoat and hat for you." The hat was a broad-brimmed black hat; the coat was an army overcoat, colored black. I left the hat that I wore in the stable. He wore an old worn out silk hat, and a black coat with a cape to it. The coat that I wore had a cape also. Says he, "I'll go in the house to avoid suspicion: you wait here until I come back." He then started for the house, and went up on the porch and around to the back kitchen; past the window of the sitting room; he was gone but a few minutes. He then told me to go out of the back door of the stable, and he would shut the stable door. He shut the back door, and fastened it on the inside, and shut the front door and locked it on the outside. The lock of the stable is a spring lock. He put the keys of the stable in his pocket, unlocked the stable when on our return. He then came through a gate at the end of the stable into the barnyard and fastened the gate after him. We then went through another gate into a field that joins the garden and orchard, and kept across the fields of William Clark, and Ephraim Hess until we came to James Bead's. We crossed over in the road there, and kept the road all the rest of the way to Mr. Dinsmore's.

We kept on up the Cross Creek road until we came to a road running directly to Mr. Dinsmore's, that turns off to the left opposite the tenant house on the farm of Samuel Taggart. We kept that road until we came to the old Middletown road. There is an old school house stands by the side of the road, a short distance above Mr. Dinsmore's late residence. We entered it, and lit our dark lantern, and proceeded to black our faces and hands. We took the lantern along for the purpose to see when we were properly blacked. After we had completed blacking ourselves we started towards Mr. Dinsmore's house. We entered a gate below the barn and kept on toward the house. When we got about midway between the barn and house we became alarmed at a noise like some one coming towards us. We turned back and listened, and found the noise came from a lot of hogs that were feeding in lane. We started again the same way, but found we could not reach the house in that way without alarming Mr. Dinsmore. We then crossed over the fence into the orchard, and went around in front of the house. I then went to the porch, of the main building, and went up on the porch, and stepped up on a bench that was on the porch, and looking in the window, and found by the clock on the mantle-tree above the fire place, that it was half past nine o'clock. The reason that I looking in the window was because I wanted to know who was in the room, as James Montgomery informed me that Mr. Dinsmore had three or four big brothers, and we had better be on the lookout.

[Here follow the incidents connected with the killing of Mr. Dinsmore, with which our readers are already familiar, and which we now omit. The course of Fogler's counsel toward him, is thus referred to by himself. It will also be remembered by those who paid attention to the matter at the time the coroners inquest was held, that Fogler implicated "Babe" Montgomery in the murder, and that he afterwards refused to testify against him when the latter was on his trial for the same crime. Why he declined doing so is stated here by the condemned man as follows:

Having made the foregoing statement I now deem it prudent to show the public why I did not testify in the case of Montgomery—not that I wish to expose any one publicly, but I want to warn others that may follow in my footsteps in crime, not to be deceived by counsel. I will now proceed to show the public my reasons for not testifying:

"Babe" Montgomery was brought to jail in this place on the evening of the 9th of December. On the evening of the following day, he called me to come to the door of my cell, his cell being directly opposite to mine. He told me to get down on the floor of the cell, and place my ear to the space under the door, as he wanted to talk with me, and did not want to be overheard. I told him during the day that I had the irons on: he said I ought to have them on; and I was a fool for telling John Baird what I did. After I got down on the floor, he asked me how thick the irons were, and if I had a saw; if I could saw them off. I told him I could saw them off, if I had one, but it would do no good. He said he would get me a saw if I wanted one. I asked him how he would get it, but he did not tell me how. I told him I did not want a saw. I then asked him what his father thought of the case. He said they were "down on me like hell," (meaning by "they" his father and Gibson) for coming out; but to keep quiet, and it would be all right. This was before I made the statement to the Coroner's Jury. After that he would not speak to me.

I had a man in the cell with me by the name of Johnson, from Independence, in this county, who was convicted of assault and battery, on oath of Rebecca White, and was under sentence. Johnson and Montgomery were soon on intimate terms. Gibson was acquainted with him before he came to jail, and used to give him papers when he was in to see "Babe." I requested the Sheriff to give me a cell to myself, which he did. He removed Johnson to the other side of the hall to a cell adjoining that of "Babe," kept up a great deal of private talk, which I could not understand. Gibson used to go in to see Johnson, while in the jail. One day, after Gibson had been in the jail, Johnson called to me after he had gone out, to come to the door of my cell. I went to the door, and he told me to send out by John Kennedy, jr., for Woods' Little, I told Johnson to write it down and give it to me at my cell window, which he did. As near as I can remember, the words he used were as follows: He said for me to send out for Little, who was a lawyer, and a good one—that there was a man to see him for me, and he was told that I could get clear. I told him I had no means to get a lawyer with. The next time, after Gibson went out, Johnson told me again, by writing, to send for Little—that he had said he would take my case, money or no money. Gibson said the lawyers all belonged to the Free Masons' Lodge, and that it was a rule among them to help those who had no money.

I told Mr. Johnson that I heard that Little was in the west. He said Gibson would telegraph for him to come home. Some time after that Johnson told me to send out after Little and Judson. Gibson came into jail in a day or two, and when he was leaving he asked John if he might speak to him. John told him to go around to my window and talk to me. Gibson came to the window of my cell and told me in an undertone, before John came around, to tell him (Gibson) in John's presence, to send in Little and Ruth, which I did. They came to see me that afternoon. I told them that I had sent for them to take advice in reference to my case. I told them I had been advised to send for them. They told me they would undertake my case on certain conditions, namely, that I would do just as they directed in all things, and must reveal nothing they told me, and keep my lips sealed to every one else but them. I told them I would do just as they told me, and I wanted them to be honest with me, and I would trust them.—Ruth told me my case was a desperate one, and that it would take desperate men to meet it; but that I had made it so myself, and that I could not blame any one for it but myself.—Little then spoke up, and said he saw a faint glimmer of hope for me, and would acquaint Ruth of it at an early day, and then they would tell me all. They did not say much the first day, but said they would come in again in a few days.

The next visit was made by Ruth. I then acquainted him with my circumstances, and told him I had no money to pay a lawyer, and felt it my duty to inform him of it. He said he would take my case on the conditions as he said before—that it was a desperate case. He said he would promise me nothing at present, but that he would promise to defend me to the best of his ability, and see that I got an impartial trial." I then told Ruth that I was afraid he was concerned for Montgomery.—He said he was not, and would not perjure himself for any one. I asked him if Mr. Montgomery showed any sympathy for me. He said he did not know whether he did or not, but that Montgomery told him when the officers were after "Babe," that if I had not confessed he would never have believed me guilty of the charge, and would have spent a thousand dollars on my case. Ruth told me not to go to trial this term of the Court (meaning last term). I asked him if he thought Montgomery would let "Babe" lay over three months more. Ruth said he could not help it.

I stated to my counsel all about the murder, and about who I had made statements to. He said they would have to keep them down the best way they could, and if they succeeded they were on a dead level, as the circumstantial evidence was nothing. He said the boots did not amount to anything. I said if I was to be convicted I wanted to live as long as I could: I told him I did. He said I had a great many warm friends on the outside, and that they would have to fight down a great deal of public prejudice, and if we could continue the trial until the excitement died out, it would be better for us. He told me Montgomery had employed the best counsel in town and that Dinsmores had went to Pittsburgh and scoured the city, and could not get any one to take hold of the case but Fetterman, and he was not very good. Mr. Ruth never told me he thought I would get clear. He said if he could reduce it to imprisonment it would be a big thing. He said he did not think a jury could be got in the county that would make it out more than murder in the second degree. Little always held out the most inducements to me.

Ruth and Little told me one day that we must take the back track—that the great point in law was to deny all and demand the proof for it. We did not want to prove we *didn't* kill Mr. Dinsmore, but wanted them to prove that we *did.* They asked my consent to draw up a certain affidavit, which I gave them, if they thought it would better my case. They thought it would break those statements, at any rate it would not worse me. They told me to send for the Justices, Grayson and Judson, on a certain Saturday, and that the affidavit would be ready, and that all I would have to do was to swear it was correct, and say, "These are the facts I gave you."

I sent for the Justices and they and Little were brought into the cell by the Sheriff.—The Sheriff came into my cell before he admitted them, and said he was going to ask me a question, and wanted me to answer him truly. I told him to put the question, and I would answer it. He then asked me if it was my desire that those men came here. I told him it was. He said he wished to exclude no one that would be of any advantage to me, but that it was his duty not only to keep me here but to protect me. The Sheriff then brought them in. Little then requested the Sheriff to leave the room. The Sheriff told Little he could not—the object of [illegible] Little then said he wanted to take my affidavit. The Sheriff told him to state what the affidavit was for. Little refused to do so, and the Sheriff said to go out, that nothing of that kind would be allowed while I was in his charge. Little then requested me to say nothing in the presence of the Sheriff. I did not know the nature of the affidavit at the time, but afterwards found out it was a paper certifying to "Babe's" innocence in the murder. My counsel said it was necessary that the affidavit should be drawn up, so as to break my statement. They said if the statement went into Court uncontradicted, it was certain death to me.

Mr. Little seemed very much disappointed when the Sheriff interfered with his arrangements. He said he would have the Justices come in yet, and he would show the Sheriff it was not in his place to be present at any of our meetings. Mr. Ruth came in a day or two after that, and said he had expected that the Sheriff would interfere with the arrangement. He then told me he would have Dr. Creigh to come in and see me, and for me to state the facts set forth in the affidavit to the Doctor, as near as I could recollect. He said the Doctor would not say anything about it.—I told him I would do so, which I did.

Little brought in the affidavit one day, and Ruth requested Little to read it to me, which he did. Ruth then asked me if I would sign it. I told him that I would not, as it would not be of any use to them in my case. They said it would, and I then signed it. After that Little brought a paper in to me and said he wanted me to copy it off in a plain hand write, word for word, which I did, and signed it and sent it to him by Ruth. Little said they wanted to have it published in the Washington papers, and that he would try and get Mr. Swan to come in and see me, and for me to give it to him and request him to publish it. Swan did not come, so I sent the paper and the copy also to him by Ruth. Little said when he brought the paper in, not to let any one get a hold of it. He said he had counterfeited his hand writing all through the paper.

I asked Little one day when he was going to have the affidavit published, he said in a week or two before we went to trial. I objected to having it published. He told me after that, one day, that they were going to have it published a day or two before the trial in the Pittsburgh papers. He said he wanted it to be published so as to arrive here a day or two before the trial. He said the reason it had not been published before was that they did not want them to have any hold on us. Suppose he meant by "them" the counsel for the Commonwealth. Ruth was in after that, and I told him to tell Little not to have the affidavit published at all.

Little told me they were going to apply for a change of venue in my case. He said he had evidence in my favor that I knew nothing about. He said I must keep quiet, and not make any statements in court, and if they forced me to it, to deny all, and go down on the affidavit described above. He said the court might want me to go before the grand jury, but that they would object, and if I was forced to go, to state the facts set forth in the affidavit. He said if I made the statement that I had formerly made, that I had better tell the sheriff to get a rope and hang me at once. I told him the Sheriff did not show any disposition of wanting to hang me. He said if there was

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in with us and clear me; but that where two men were in a well together, that one had to be pulled out at a time or that in pulling both out at one time you would be pulled in yourself.

Little came in one day after the death of John Stewart, and told me that Mr. Stewart was dead, and that the boot question was all gone to hell, for that Stewart had found the boot heel at Mr. Dinsmore's the next morning after the murder. I told Little that I had not heard of Mr. Stewart's illness. He said that he had, and was waiting patiently, or had been looking for him to die, and that his dying was a big dog out of the road. When Little told me Mr. Stewart was dead I expressed my surprise in hearing the news. Little's reply was, "Yes dead as hell"—think he said dead as hell over the second time.

One day while Ruth was with me we were talking about "Babe," he said they would try and get "Babe" tried first, and that before he left the Court House, he would summons him for a witness for me, and make him swear that he had not seen me on the night of the murder, and that he would break the greater part of my statement. I told him I would not make another statement, if he could be benefitted by my keeping quiet. Ruth said to me if he thought I would, he would sink me to hell in a minute.

I expressed fear to my counsel that they could not get my trial put off. They said if they could they would, and if not they would fight as best they could. I told them if they thought they could get Montgomery tried first and clear him, and then all turn in and clear me, as they said they could do, that I could play sick. They said they thought it would work. Little said he would get me some lobelia. He got me some kind of pulverized stuff and sent it with Ruth the Saturday before court with directions for taking it. I took some of it, but it did not affect me as he said it would.

Little said he wanted me to keep cool during my trial and take the bull by the horns, and if he told me to jump up on the platform and look "old buttermilk Judge" in the face, to do it; "for" says he, "if you look your enemies in the face they will vanish like smoke." The evening I was taken before the Court and plead not guilty, Little whispered the words "not guilty" in my ear when I was standing on the floor.

Little and Ruth were in to see me the evening before my trial, after dark, and said they would apply for a continuance the next morning. They said if my trial was put off on account of my illness, that Crumrine would likely put "Babe's" off also. I told them that I was willing that it should go on. They said that they could have it put off on account of the absence of witnesses I understood that they had witnesses for my defence, and suggested to them to send some of them away.—They said that the witnesses were of such a nature that they could not do it. I remained ignorant of the fact that they had no defence to make until the case was about to close.—Little said he wanted to see how much stand up there was in me in court, and for me to keep cool and look the jury in the face.—He said the jury was nothing but a lot of men to set up there and look at a man and try to scare him, (meaning by "man" a prisoner).—He told me to keep cool and quiet, and look every one in the face, as they would place men in different parts of the court room to watch me, and very likely have Mrs. Dinsmore and her children inside to try to throw me off my guard. He told me to play strong Republican as most of the jurors would be Republican, and to express my political views to the Sheriff. He wanted me to play off insane at one time, and I would not do it. He told me to play religious when the minister came to see me, and that it would benefit me. He told me another time, before I went up to the Court House for trial, to rub black in my eyebrows and around my neck—he wanted me to bear that in mind. I did not do it; and Ruth said I had better not do it.

After the jury retired at the close of my trial, my counsel cautioned me on conversing with any one on my case. They said doubtless the Sheriff or some of the party would approach me, and try to pump me, but to spurn them from me, and not to tell them anything, and keep good heart—that the jury would not be in as soon as they expected them—When the jury returned the verdict at the ringing of the bell, my counsel met me at the door of the Sheriff's office, and went with me to the court room and seated me between them, and told me not to get excited if the jury rendered a verdict of murder for the first degree, for that I could blame no one else but myself for it, and not to testify against Montgomery, for it would be murder to them, as well as shut off all hope from the Supreme Court for me.

Little told me before my trial, that John Lennox was sure of his acquittal, and he was in a worse fix than me. Little said if they failed at the Supreme Court, that he had a friend in Harrisburgh, a member of the bar, and that he had put himself in correspondence with him in regard to my case—that his friend was a Geary man, and that Geary was a Johnson man, and that they would close up on the Governor for pardon on the grounds that the Governor, as well as myself, had been in the army.

The day before I was called up for a witness by the Court, Messrs. Gibson and Freeman Brady, jr., visited John Lennox. After he went out Lennox rapped on the door of his cell and asked me if there was any one in the yard. I told him no. He said he had good news for me. He said Wm. Linn, Esq., was here from Pittsburgh, and looked my case all over, and if I did not go up to the Court House and swear my life away again, that Linn would take my case and carry it to the Supreme Court, and clear me, and have me out of here by May, and for God's sake to keep quiet. He said Linn wanted to make himself a big name, and that he would interfere when I was taken up to be sentenced, and tell them he was going to take the case.—He said Freeman Brady said his (Lennox's) lawyers would help Linn through with the case. I asked Lennox who told him that.—He said he would not tell me, but to take an old fool's advice and keep quiet.

"Babe" Montgomery called me to the door of my cell the morning that I was called before the court, and told me to keep quiet, and I would come out all right.

One day Little told me that the counsel for the commonwealth was afraid they could not convict me. He said that he had a man posted one night in one of the rooms adjoining Crumrine's office, and that one night the man was in the hall below the office, about twelve o'clock, and overheard the Sheriff and Boyd Camrine and Harvey Vankirk talking about the course they intended to pursue when the case came up for trial. They were going to apply for a separate trial, and try me first and convict me and then make a witness of me against Montgomery. He told me at another time that Montgomery was sounding him to find out the course we were going to pursue at trial, but he (Little) would not tell him, but said to Montgomery we were like the chickens with the horse—"if you do not tramp our toes we will not bother you," and that Montgomery said it was all right. Little told Montgomery that it was not necessary to prove who was in company with "Babe" that night—as he said he could prove that "Babe" was in bed—and if he had any company it was in bed with him.

Little said that Ruth and himself were both young in the practice of law, and had been looking for some hard case for some time, and thought my case was the one they were looking for, and if they could clear me their fortune was made. If they did not get the big cases, they would get small ones to make up. They both told me to stick to them and they would stick to me. Little told me that Montgomery told them that they had got them just where they wanted them; and Little said that they would carry my case to the Supreme Court and keep it going for a year. He told me at another time that one of the jurymen told him that there would have to be a great deal of hard swearing done to make him believe that I was guilty.

I was visited on a certain morning by the Rev. Dodge and Andrew Brady. I do not recollect the day of the month, but while they were in my cell Mr. Brady asked me if I had any hope of getting out of jail. I told him that I could not answer his question. Mr. Brady then asked me if I implicated Montgomery honestly in my statements. I told him that he would have to excuse me for not answering his questions, as my counsel had strictly forbidden me answering any questions put to me by anyone but them.

The next time Little came in to see me, I told him that Mr. Brady had been in to see me, and had been asking me questions pertaining to my case. He (Little) told me that he was going to have the Rev. Dodge and Mr. Brady to visit me again, and he wanted me to take Mr. Brady aside and tell him that my statements had been obtained from me by the Sheriff and others by inducements held out by them. Little told me to tell Mr. Brady that the Sheriff had told me that they had found the heel of my boot, and the boots also, and a button off my vest, and that they could trace me every step of the way to Dinsmore's, and that Mrs. Dinsmore had identified me as one of the men, and would swear so, and that they had the dead wood on me, and that there was no chance of escape, and that I had better make a statement and become a witness for the commonwealth than to keep quiet and be hung; and that the Sheriff said that it would be better for me to do so, that he would not say that it would, but at any rate it would not worst me; and that I heard the men in the yard say they ought to hang me, and that I ought to be strung up to a lamp post; and that I had made the statement through fright, and the inducements held out by the Sheriff; and that I was an orphan and a stranger in town and had no one to advise me, and was fearful of my life being taken on the spot; that I had seen the like done in the army—that is, I had seen men lynched. I told Little that I had never seen a man lynched. Says he, "Brady will not know what you have seen." Little said to tell him also that the Sheriff had told me what to say in my statement, and that I ought to make a statement, and that it was the Sheriff that mentioned about me bringing "Babe" into it—that the Sheriff had talked the matter all over with me in my cell before I made any public confession at all.

I told Little that the Sheriff did not say anything to me about making statements, only what was said in the yard before a number of men; and that the Sheriff would deny the assertion, as it was false. Little said that was just what he wanted him to do; and that he had a special reason for wanting him to do it. He told me to tell Mr Brady that I had been to Dinsmore's once, and thought I could describe the place, and that I had heard the particulars of the murder talked over the morning before I was arrested. He charged me to tell Mr. Brady to say nothing about our conversation unless he was asked about it in Court; and to tell Mr. Brady that I took him to be my friend by the plain and honest way he talked to me and to conclude by saying: "Mr. Brady, you know my statements made to different individuals—that the whole thing is a fabrication by the length of it." I told him I did not care about making the statement to Mr Brady. A large part of this language is used in the affidavit drawn up by my counsel.

The next time Little came in after the above conversation, he asked me if Mr. Brady and Rev. Dodge had been in to see me yet. I told him they had not. He said he would have them to come in yet: and that Mr. Brady dare not say anything about it, for that his (Brady's) brother and three or four others belonged to a certain lodge, and that Andy Brady belonged to it also. He did not state the nature of the lodge. He said that Mr. Brady's brother was a lawyer, and that still made his promise of secrecy more binding But, however, Mr. Brady did not come, and therefore I did not make any statement to him or anyone else but Dr. Creigh, in which I contradicted my former statements.

Ruth told me at one time he thought of sending in Boyd Cumrine, R M. Gibson, Wm. M'Kennan, David S. Wilson, and other prominent lawyers of both sides—meaning Democrats and Republicans—and for me to run over, and state the facts set forth in the affidavit, to them, and then the commonwealth could not say it was all a one-sided question. He did not send them in.

Little told me one day to get some paper and write him out a list of all the names of the persons that were admitted to my cell, both ladies and gentlemen. He said he would find use for it on my trial, to show how that I had been kept for a show. He said the law would not permit visitors to be admitted to my cell without my consent, and told me to tell the Sheriff to stop admitting any one. I made out the list, but did not give it to my counsel till the jury had retired at the close of my trial.—I gave it to Ruth He asked me why I did not give it to him before my trial commenced. I told him I did not think it would be of any use to him. I suppose it is in his hands yet.

Ruth and Little have a certain paper in their possession which was got from me by them, I supposed, for the purpose of benefiting me on my trial. I wish to inform the public of it for fear that it might injure the Sheriff, who has always acted honest with me and been my best friend, and if I had taken his advice and listened to him, I would not now feel that I had been wronged by any person: and I would have had lawyers assigned me by the Court that would have acted honest and fair with me, and would not have induced me to refuse to testify, to benefit others and injure myself. Before God, the Sheriff never held out any inducements that there was any chance of escape by making confessions, or any other way, and only said to me that it would not make my case any worse—it might better me, but he would not say it would do so. And when he had learned that I thought of committing suicide, he warned me not to think of such a thing—that if I done so I would have no chance of escaping hell, and that I had as good a chance as any other person of going to heaven now, if I would apply to God for forgiveness. And if the paper says anything else it is not true, and the people I hope will not believe it, as my counsel induced me to say many things, with the promise of benefitting me, that I would not have thought of under any other circumstances. And I hope the people will see the way I was treated, and that any paper they may show after I am dead and gone will not be believed to be true.

I recently heard that Mr. Montgomery has a paper showing that I said "Babe" was not with me. If any such paper exists, it is the affidavit that was obtained from me with the understanding it would benefit me. The paper was not composed by me at all. I do not deny copying it and signing it; but did so, believing my counsel was dealing truly and honestly with me. I deem these sufficient reasons to show the public why I did not testify, why I plead not guilty to the charge laid to me, and why I signed the affidavit. And I hope God will forgive all those who have deceived and held out false hopes to me of any kind, also those who on my trial testified falsely as I expect my heavenly father to forgive me.

I draw up this full and true statement with the feeling that I am not for this world. A few more short days will terminate my existence on earth, and I feel it my solemn duty to unburden my mind of the heavy loadof guilt and sin that is resting on it, and prepare myself to meet my God—also to set the mind of the public at rest in regard to who the murderers of Robert W. Dinsmore were. As stated before, the deed was committed by myself and my accomplice, "Babe," or William Montgomery Jr.

I make this statement freely and voluntarily, not that I anticipate any benefit from it in this world, but, to unburden my mind, and prepare for another and better world, where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest; and to show my friends how I was led off, and how I was deceived by my counsel. And I hope the facts set forth in this statement, and which are true, will be read with some comfort by my friends, when I am *dead and gone.*

And, in conclusion, I would again warn any who follow in my footsteps in crime, to beware, and not be deceived by counsel, for I feel that if I had not had any counsel at all, and prosecuted in my own behalf, on my trial, and testified, as I ought to have done, that I would have been set at liberty to-day. I would again WARN the public not to believe any papers that may be shown after I am dead, but this one, which is true and which is signed by me before God, and in the presence of some of the most prominent citizens of Washington.

This statement is dictated entirely by myself, and is made freely, and by the promptings of an overburdened conscience.

Signed by me, this 15th day of April, 1867, in the presence of the following witnesses.

[Signed] ROBERT FOGLER.

WITNESSES—Robert Dongan, William B. Watkins, James D. Herr, M. H. Clarke, John R. Wilson.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. WEYAND,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

MAY 29, 1867.

GEO. BANCROFT, notwithstanding the rumors that prevailed last week, has accepted the appointment as Minister to Prussia. *Mr. B.*, speaks both the English and German language fluently, and this taken in connection with his well-known patriotism, and intelligence, will satisfy the country that its honor abroad is confided to able and trustworthy hands.

THE SCULLING MATCH at Pittsburgh last week between Walter Brown of Portland Maine, and James Hamill of Pittsburgh, resulted in the latter's getting beat "all hollow." The friends of the defeated oarsman, are now playing the "baby" finely in crying "foul," abusing Brown, and in notifying the stakeholder not to pay over to the winner. Shame on such treatment towards a victorious opponent.

THE Chief Justice of the United States, has recently recommended to the United States District Judges for this State, the names of a number of persons for the "Registers in Bankruptcy" in accordance with a law passed by Congress at its last session. Each Congressional District is to have one Register. J. B. Donley Esq., of Waynesburgh, Greene county, is the gentleman recommended for this District, and Judge McCandless, has accordingly commissioned him. The office, it is said will be a lucrative one.

LENNOX, the murderer, whose reputation is so well known in this vicinity, was tried last week in Washington county for the murder of John Morrow in October 1864. The Jury returned a verdict last Friday of murder in the second degree, after which Judge Acheson sentenced him to eight years in the Penitentiary.

AN exciting campaign for the Governorship of Tennessee is now progressing in that State. Emerson Etheridge is the "conservative" candidate, and Col. W. B. Stokes is the "radical" nominee. Both candidates are stumping the State, and frequent joint discussions take place between them. Both are anxious to secure the colored vote, but Stoke's chances to obtain it appear decidedly the most flattering.

AN "enterprising" Democratic candidate for legislative honors in Greene county, this State, announces that if the people send him to the legislature, he will give $600 of his salary to the Poor House fund of his county. Mr. Carman, for that is his name, may possibly *buy* votes enough in his party, in "benighted Greene" to secure him a nomination, but inalmost any other locality his proposal to give money directly for votes, would bring him the "harvest of contempt" which his offer fairly invokes.

HORACE GREELY, philosopher as he is, is just now in the worst possible humor, because of the remarks made in reference to his conduct in the release of Jeff Davis. The newspapers in every quarter are throwing their hot shot "into him," and a few days ago notice was served upon him by the Union League Club of New York, of which he is a member, to appear at a meeting and answer in person, while his conduct in becoming one of Davis's boudsmen was taken into consideration.—Greeley refused to attend, and declares himself ready to fight all and every person who takes exception to his course in that particular.

RUMORS are again in circulation to the effect that the President contemplates the removal of Gen. Sheridan as commander of the Department of the Gulf. No reason for this is assigned save that prominent Louisianans "of therebel and conservative stamp" have requested it If this is done a storm of indignation will be raised about the President's head by the people, such as he has not witnessed before; for they will submit with an ill grace to see Gen. Sheridan beat now, by the rebels whom he whipped in the field.

JUDGE CARTTER of Washington city, is said to have pressed General Grant the other day as to his being a candidate for the Presidency in 1868. The General is reported to have been very diffident in his reply, but gave the Judge finally to understand that if the Union Republican party of the country desired him to be their candidate, he would not feel at liberty to decline a nomination at their hands. The question was then also asked him if he had any objection to B. F. Wade of Ohio being placed on the ticket with him as a caddidate for Vice President. He answered that that would be a question for the people to determine, but personally he could not have any objection to Mr. W., as a candidate for that position.

THE Fenians of this country appear to be "stirring" themselves up again. The New York *Herald* of a late date says that the Fenian organization in the United States is at the present moment stronger in men, means and war material than at any previous time, and that the arrangements are almost perfected by which an army of 75 or 100,000 men will be moved from this country into Canada, so noislessly as to attract but little attention in any quarter. The *Herald* also states that an iron Foundry establishment in New York, has been busily engaged for more than a year past in casting cannon for this invasion, and that the Fenian leaders are now at work with the assurance that the United States Government will in no wise interfere with their plans, nor present any obstacles in the way of their execution. "President" Roberts is in charge of the movement.

THE copperheads of this, and no suppose of all other Republican counties, usually try to make a point [illegible] meetings are held, by [illegible] candidates and telling them what [illegible] managed every thing [illegible] the primary meeting [illegible] in defiance of the party [illegible]. On Monday there will be twenty-one candidates for political honors put on the track to obtain them. Some of the unlucky ones we have no doubt will be button-holed at once by the hungry copperheads, and any amount of mock sympathy proffered, with the assurance that they "have only the chivalry blame" for their want of success. Before heeding these "uninterested" sympathizers, or reposing [illegible] in their assertions we ask the Republicans who fail to come out "winners" on Monday next to look upon the vote at the Primary meeting in this Borough on the Saturday previous. By doing so, unless we are greatly at fault, you will make the discovery that instead of the "rebels" combining either for or against any candidates, the Borough of Beaver was as much divided on the question of nativeism as any other precinct in the county. If this proves true, that fact of itself will show every reasonable person that it was through no consent of action at the county seat that this man was nominated, or that one was defeated.

The Primary Meetings.

The Unionists of the county, will not, we hope, fail to attend the Primary meetings of their party on next Saturday. It is only by having a general turn out of the Republicans at these meetings that a proper expression of opinion can be had, and as this is always desirable in any view that may be taken of political contests, we urge our friends throughout the county to attend at that time, and by their vote designate who they prefer as candidates for public favor at the fall election. The material to select from is good, the county has been pretty thoroughly canvassed, and if there is the usual "turn out" at our Primary meetings, we have little doubt but that a ticket will be selected which will be acceptable to the party, and elected at the October election by a good old-fashioned majority.

SENATOR WILSON who has for some weeks past been on a "stumping tour" in the Southern States returned to Washington last week. He made quite a number of speeches during his absence, and reports that he was favorably received and courteously treated wherever he went. He says that the political field, embracing the late rebel States, is ready for the "reapers," and urges the sending of as many of our best speakers into the Southern States, as can be got to go, and as quickly as possible. The Reconstruction Bill, he alleges, is enforced by all the District Commanders, who are doing everything in their power to promote harmony between the whites and blacks, on the basis of even handed justice to all. Senator Wilson is now at his home in Massachusetts, where he will stay for a couple of weeks, after which he proposes making another tour through the Southern States.

Gen. Lee For President.

An Indiana Democratic paper, the Evansville *Sentinel*, is just now engaged in the business of writing Gen Lee "up" as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency in 1868.—After indulging at great length in a "puff" of the General's military and social qualities, it concludes thus:

"Gen. Robert E. Lee is the first choice of a grand army of Democrats in the North, who are not afraid to urge his claim before the country for that position for which God especially endowed him. The timid men of the party may tremble when his name is spoken, but the brave applaud. We believe that Gen. Lee's nomination by the Democrats of the North would be hailed with delight by every lover of true manhood and nobility of character throughout the world.

The Booth Diary.

During the last session of Congress, General Butler, in a discussion with Representative Bingham, charged the latter with being a party to the cutting out of some leaves in a diary found on the person of Booth, the assassin of the President, after his capture. Mr. Bingham promptly denied the charge, but so pertinaciously was it repeated then and since, that the War Department has thought it necessary to publish the diary entire, and at the same time to furnish all the evidence necessary to show that the diary is just now as it was when taken from the pocket of the murderer. Booth himself, it appears, cut some of its pages from it, probably before the life of the President was taken, and the evidence of this being seen, has no doubt led some persons, Gen. Butler included, into the belief that the memorandum was mutilated after it fell into the hands of the Government. Such was not the case, as is readily seen, on reading the report of the Secretary of War, and the Judge Advocate General, in furnishing the diary to the President for publication.

THERE is much truth in the following extract from a Washington letter: "This homage to the rebel chief by radical leaders can but be productive of harm at the South. Mr Greely is regarded there as a representative man, and others who worshiped before the Davis shrine are known to have heretofore been the bitter opponents of rebellion. This unexpected summersault can but inspire a belief that the North is changing its ground, and that "the lost cause" may yet be recognized. On the other hand, the freedmen, finding themselves deserted by their leaders, will naturally be led to commit desperate acts."

We are requested to state that a Temperance Convention will be held at New Castle, Lawrence county on the 4th of July, and that all temperance organizations in Beaver, Crawford, Erie, Butler, Mercer and Lawrence counties are requested to send delegates in the proportion of one for every twenty-five members to said Convention. Delegates chosen to attend should address GERSON L. LEVI, New Castle, Pa., before the meeting of the Convention.

THE struggle in Mexico is ended. Queretaro fell on the 15th of this month, and Maximilian, together with his Generals, and their armies, surrendered, unconditionally, to Juarez, the Liberal chief, on that day. This ends the conflict in Mexico, between the foreign interventionists and the people of that country. We are gratified at the result of the struggle, but look upon the order of Juarez for the execution of his prisoners, as an outrage of the grossest character.

Where Booth is Buried.

The following passage sets at rest the disputed question as to the final disposition of Booth's body [illegible] of President Lincoln.

It is from the book recently published by Lieut. Baker, the Detective of the War Department.

In order to establish the identity of the body of the assassin beyond all question, the Secretary of War directed me to summon a number of witnesses residing in the City of Washington, who had previously known the murderer. Some two years previous to the assassination of the President, Booth had had a [illegible] and [illegible] by a surgeon. On inquiry, I ascertained that Dr. May, a well-known and very skillful surgeon, of 25 years' practice in Washington, had performed the operation.

Accordingly, I called on Dr. May, who, before seeing the body, minutely described the exact locality of the tumor, the nature and date of the operation, &c., After being [illegible] to the [illegible] was, which was then plainly visible. Five other witnesses were examined, all of whom had known the assassin intimately for years. The various newspaper accounts, referring to the mutilation of Booth's body, are equally absurd. Gen. Barnes, Surgeon-General U. S. A., was on board the gun-boat where the post mortem examination was held, with his assistants.—Gen. Barnes cut from Booth's neck about two inches of the spinal column through which the ball had passed; this piece of bone, which is now on exhibition in the Government Medical Museum in Washington, is the only relic of the assassin's body above ground, and this is the only mutilation of the remains that ever occurred. Immediately after the conclusion of the examination, the Secretary of War gave orders as to the disposition of the body, which had become very offensive, owing to the condition in which it had remained after death; the leg, broken in jumping from the box to the stage, was much discolored and swolen, the blood from the wound having saturated his underclothing. With the assistance of Lieut. L. B. Baker, I took the body from the gun-boat direct to the Old Penitentiary, adjoining the old Arsenal grounds. The building had not been used as a prison for some years previously.—The Ordnance Department had filled the ground-floor cells with fixed ammunition—one of the largest of these cells was selected as the burial-place of Booth—the amunition was removed, a large flat stone lifted from its place, and a rude grave dug; the body was dropped in, the grave filled up, the stone replaced, and there rests to this hour all that remained of John Wilkes Booth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Union County Convention.

THE UNION VOTERS OF BEAVER CO. are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Boroughs and Townships, on *Saturday, the 1st of June, 1867*, and appoint Delegates to a County Convention, to be held on

Monday, the 3d of June, at 11, A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Assembly, Associate Judge, Prothonotary, Treasurer, County Commissioner, Jury Commissioner, Poor House Director, Auditor, and Trustees of Academy.

The primary meeting in the townships will be held between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, p. m., and in the boroughs between the hours of 7 and 9, p. m.

In obedience to a resolution of County Convention, the voting for candidates in the different election districts shall be by ballot, and in order to avoid unnecessary trouble to candidates, and save time in counting off, printed slips will be prepared and sent to the several Districts—the blanks of which can be filled with the candidate preferred by the voter.

By order of Committee.

M. WEYAND, Chairman.

D. W. SCOTT, Secretary *pro tem.*

In accordance with the basis fixed by the Committee, the Districts will send Delegates as follows, viz:

Beaver bor.	4	Independence	2
Borough tp	3	Marion	2
Bridgewater	3	Moon	3
Big Beaver	4	N. Brighton, 1st w'd	3
Brighton	3	do 2d w'd	3
Chippewa	3	do 3d w'd	3
Darlington	4	New Sewickly	3
Economy	3	North Sewickly	3
Fallston	3	Ohio	4
Franklin	2	Patterson	2
Freedom bor	2	Phillipsburg	2
Freedom dist	2	Pulaski	2
Greene	5	Rochester boro	4
Frankfort	3	Rochester tp	3
McGuire	3	Raccoon	4
Hopewell	3	South Beaver	4
Industry	3	St. Clair boro	2

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are requested to announce the names of the following persons as candidates for the offices for which they are named.

For Assembly.

T. J. CHANDLER, Rochester borough.
CAPT. JAMES DARRAGH, Borough twp.
COL. THOMAS J. POWER, Rochester bor.
S. B. WILSON, Beaver borough.
THOMAS NICHOLSON, Hanover twp.
S. G. CAUGHEY, South Beaver tp.

For Associate Judge.

Dr. M LAWRENCE, Greene tp

For Prothonotary.

ROBERT DICKEY, Brighton township.
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver borough.
M. B. WELSH, Beaver borough.

For Treasurer.

CAPT. E. BARNES, Borough township.
LIEUT. EBEN ALLISON, Beaver.
JAMES WILSON, New Brighton.

For Commissioner.

WILLIAM EWING, Raccoon township.
JOSEPH A. FLEMING, Moon township.
JOHN C. CHRISTY, Raccoon tp.

Jury Commissioner.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver borough

For Auditor.

GEORGE K. SHANNON, Hopewell twp.

For Poor House Director.

SAMUEL MCMANAMY, Economy twp

For Trustees of Academy.

S. J. CROSS, Rochester borough.
JOHN BARCLAY, Beaver.

UNION AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS, Railway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power of various kind, Threshers and Separators, Feed Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills and Sorghum Evaporators, Corn Shellers, Dog Powers for Churning, and all other Agricultural Machinery.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING

Of all kinds done on short notice. Machines of any kind built for parties.

Having had an experience of fifteen years in Patents and Patent Business, we are prepared to make Models, Applications, &c., for parties desiring to take out Patents.

Having fitted up our Factory with

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY,

Selected from the best Eastern makes, in person, and employing none but the best Mechanics, we are prepared to do work in the best Style and manner.

Having secured the services of A FIRST CLASS PATTERN MAKER, we are also prepared to make any kind or style of Patterns.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Mowing and Reaping Machines, and machinery in general.

We solicit, and hope by attention and care to merit, the patronage of parties wishing work done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Address A. B. SMITH & CO.
Rochester, Pa.

my29'67:1y

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge street,
oc10'66—my29'67 Bridgewater, Pa.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel.)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [may29'67:0m

WEDDING CAKES,

Fancy Pastry, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING OEPNED A FIRST CLASS CONFECTIONARY, on

Railroad Street, New Brighton,

Would inform the public that they are prepared to fill all orders for Cakes, Ice Cream, &c., for WEDDINGS, PARTIES, or FAMILY USE, upon short notice, at satisfactory prices, and in a style unsurpassed by any of the city establishments. Prompt attention given to all orders from a distance. Their

ICE-CREAM SALOON

Being expensively fitted up, is open for the accommodation of customers during the coming season.

my29'67 GEO. SIEMEN & CO.

OFFICE OF PENN'A. & OHIO CANAL COMPANY, WARREN, TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO.

Special Meeting of Stockholders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of said Company, will be held at the office of said Company, in Warren, Ohio, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the Third (3d) day of July, A. D. 1867, for the purpose of considering and determining whether, and what division or divisions of said Company's Canal shall be abandoned, agreeably to the authority granted by recent act of the Legislatures of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and to make such orders in relation to said Canal, and its abandonment in whole, or in part, as they may deem proper.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES M'EWEN,
Warren, Ohio, May 21, '67. President.

W. A. ROSE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Has permanently located in the TOWN OF ROCHESTER. Prompt attention given to all calls, excepting when professionally engaged.

☞ Office: Adjoining the "Mansion House," in the old Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Depot, Rochester, Pa. [may29'67:tf

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON hand all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell *AT THE LOWEST PRICES!*

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job work

Done to order in the best possible manner and at the shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK!

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street,

BEAVER, PA.

Give us a Call and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

may1'67:tf G. R. ANSHUTZ.

WILL P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionab l Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

(tween Lib. and Penn. sts. op. St. Clair Hotel,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very owest prices. [may22'67—1y.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & NORTH WESTERN CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after April 29, 1867, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 4:30, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail's.	Exp's.
Pittsburgh	645AM	930AM	315PM	900AM
Rochester	828	1040	505	310
Salem	1033	1233PM	645	456
Alliance	1140	110	820	559
Canton	1251PM	156	706	688
Massillon	1325	216	730	646
Orrville	138	328	808	719
Wooster	212	352	840	746
Mansfield	305	509	1014	820
Crestline	405	530	1045	905
	600AM	640	1100	1000
Bucyrus	625	640	1135	1025
Upper Sandusky	710	722	1230AM	1100
Forest	758	756	1255	1198
Lima	915	911	246	1230PM
Van Wert	1054	1050	330	127
Fort Wayne	1250PM	1145	620	320
Columbia	110	1230AM	604	346
Warsaw	200	131	551	430
Plymouth	350	320	751	540
Valparaiso	436	350	837	713
Chicago	700	550	130	930

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Chicago	730AM	1000PM	400PM	430AM
Valparaiso	1054	1230AM	627	657
Plymouth	1083	200	810	825
Warsaw	1133	430	901	940
Columbia	1219PM	500	944	1033
Fort Wayne	135	720	1080	1135
Van Wert	305	845	1130	1250PM
Lima	333	930	1234AM	215
Forest	429	1106	141	350
Upper Sandusky	503	1135	206	421
Bucyrus	538	1218PM	244	511
Crestline	625	1250	310	559
	625	930	353	600AM
Mansfield	657	930	348	638
Wooster	840	406	516	825
Orrville	907	430	540	905
Massillon	943	504	613	941
Canton	1004	521	638	1000
Alliance	1106	625	730	1015
Salem	1132	657	759	1149
Rochester	136AM	848	940	215PM
Pittsburgh	230	950	1045	340

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 8:00 p. m; New Castle, 4:05 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:45 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 6:00 a. m; arr. at N. Castle, 8:35 a. m; Youngstown, 9:30. Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 5:45 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 1:30 p. m; arrives New Castle, 6:30 p. m; Youngstown, 7:20 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after April 29, 1867, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	920AM	945PM		345PM
Euclid Street	831	226		556
Hudson	935	330		510
Ravenna	1010	405		546
Alliance	1140	510		651
Bayard	1144	543		
Wellsville	1200PM	700		

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.		Accom
Wellsville	850	432PM		
Bayard	1022	605		
Alliance	1115	605		715AM
Ravenna	1204PM	643		810
Hudson	1236	716		830
Euclid Street	137	804		1002
Cleveland	150	815		1015

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Bellair	430PM	550AM	1040AM	
Bridgeport	440	605	1050	
Steubenville	555	723	1158	
Wellsville	720	830	140PM	610
Smith's Ferry	742	902	202	654
Beaver	812	912	233	721
Rochester	820	920	240	745
Pittsburgh	930	1025	350	910

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Pittsburgh	615AM	800PM	435PM	330PM
Rochester	725	906	545	445
Beaver	733	915	555	455
Smith's Ferry	812	943	628	544
Wellsville	845	420	729	630
Steubenville	950	520	818	
Bridgeport	1119	630	923	
Bellair	1150	640	935	

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH

BEAVER ARGUS.

May 29d, 1867.

and MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM, Jr., 6 Fifth st., Pitts authorized agent for the ARGUS

EW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ion of the public is directed to the advertisements which appear ie in the *Argus* to-day.

of Stockholders—Jas. M'Ewen.
Cakes, &c.—Geo. Siemen & Co.
ltural Works—A. B. Smith & Co.
& Summer Goods—Wm. Reich.
cian, &c.—Wm. A. Rose M. D.
Tea Store—Wilson & Under-

ial Notices—Wilson & Brown.
ial Notices—F. A. Fortune.
ial Notices—W. F. Clarke.

TEMPLARS IN BEAVER.—The Good of Beaver are quite active in oper- their number is rapidly increas- meet one night in each week, and scarcely a meeting but what they new members. The organization now about 90 members.

CO. CONVENTION.—Our Demo- friends of this county propose to go the form of holding a county conven- nominating a county ticket, on Mon- 3rd of July.

GROCERY AND TEA STORE.—Read the card of Wilson & Underwood, Dia- Pittsburgh City, in our paper to-day.— gentleman keep a large and varied first quality goods, which they sell at

CARIE AND CIRCUS.—Haight & Cham- menagerie and Circus will visit Roches- ter, and exhibit at 1 and 7 P. M. The Pittsburgh and other papers speak highly of the company, and persons desiring to see a collection of rare animals should avail them- selves of this opportunity of doing so.

AGENT.—We call attention to the new agent of A. B. Smith & Co, manufac- turers of agricultural implements, Rochester, machinery is new, and has been se- lected the best *Eastern manufactories*.

DEATH.—A few days ago, a pauper Beaver County Poor House, named HEN- RIETTA, was seized with Apoplexy, and died. He was in good health a short time before his death, having eaten a meal just before he died, He was ag- ed 72 years.

ACCIDENT.—Benj. Jackson, a colored boy 15, living in Beaver Falls, fell, a few days ago, while on the way to his work, from a rupture of the bowels. The hernia was strangulated, and the physicians were un- able to reduce it until they cut down and relieved the stricture. He died the following day, when a *post mortem* examination re- vealed the fact that in addition to the hernia, the cord had broken open an old ulcer of the bowels which caused his death by inflammation of the peritoneum.

ROAD ACCIDENTS.—On Monday of last week a man named. Robt. McMichael, of Beaver county, while near the rail- road track, was struck by a passing train, and severely injured. He is reported to be in a critical condition.

On the same day, a short distance below Beaver, in this county, a man named Win- ter was also struck by a passing train, and had his head cut about the head.

POOR PAUPERS.—We understand that the number of persons now receiving aid from this county is considerably less than it has been at any time during the last two years. The persons receiving aid are at the present time as follows: at the Poor House 59; Temporary Aid (outside) 5; at Dixmont 14; at Harrisburg Asylum 2; thus making the whole number receiving permanent and tem- porary aid from the county, 70.

The Steward of our county Poor House was changed some time ago that on and after May 1st, the price of boarding and medical attendance at the Dixmont Hospital would be $2.25 per week instead of $2.50 as heretofore.— This will make quite a difference in our ex- penses at that institution.

PRESS WORKS.—In glancing over the pages of the *Atlantic Monthly*, last week, we noticed a notice of the publishers of that valu- able magazine, Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, in which they claim the entire and only right of publishing Charles Dickens' valuable works in America, and prove the same conclusively by letters received by them from that gifted author. They are very energetic and accommodating publishers, and we are glad to see that they are the authorized Amer- ican publishers of Dickens' works. They have been bound beautifully and strongly, and sold them cheap. Should any of our read- ers wish to buy, or obtain more particulars concerning them, they can address Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, 124 Tremont street, Boston, or 63 Beekman street, N. Y.

CHURCH.—I had the pleasure of visiting the Methodist Church a few days since, and many thanks are due Mr. Shrodes for the courteous manner in which he treated me. I was shown through the different apartments, and was pleased to find the house so well con- structed and each room cleaned, and the whole well stated for—at least, as well as can be with the present buildings. Many of the members expressed themselves as being well pleased with the manner in which they are conducted by Mr. Shrodes and lady. It is an institution well worth visiting. R. L. I.

NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOL.—We are informed by Prof. Taylor that the Normal Music School will be opened by Prof. Johnson on the 23d inst., and continue five weeks. Arrange- ments will be made so that persons desiring to practice singing can go in one hour of the day, and pay for that hour, thus receiv- ing a five hour lessons for two dollars. We should be surprised if this arrangement is not highly appreciated by our citizen singing- masters.

The School will be worth any number of singing books to any one, and will be conducted by one who is a thorough and acknowledged master in his department. Let us all put our minds to give the Professor a hearty welcome in this his third annual meet- ing here.

The Disgraceful Murder.

EDITOR ARGUS:—I thank you, Mr. Editor, in the name of the farmers and country peo- ple generally, even for the little you say in the last number of the *Argus* on the subject of Fogler's confession and execution, the com- plicity of other parties, and especially of the outrageous conduct of the lawyers who acted as the Prisoner's Counsel. I fully believe in the truthfulness of Fogler's statements; for what earthly motive had the dying man to lie? Without prospect of reprieve or pardon, be- lieving that he was soon to appear before his Maker to give an account of his deeds and words, why should he not speak the truth, and why should we not give credit to his aver- ments. On the presumption, then, that he speaks the truth, how terrible the thought, especially for us defenceless country people, that we live in a section of country and among a population where such a murder could be planned and executed. For, the murder of Dinsmore was spoken of both before and after it was committed by the parties implicated, as if it was of no more account than the kil- ling of a dog. Look at Fogler's statements.— In Western Pennsylvania, in Washington county, remarkable for its churches and re- ligion, the sons of a man, deemed by his fellow citizens worthy to represent his district in the Congress of the U. S., conceat a plan to mur- der a friend and neighbor for his money. The Court meets for the trial of the murderers, when one of them, the son of a rich man of high standing, is cleared, while the other poor devil who was an ignorant tool and dupe, is convicted sentenced, and executed; and all this by a Washington county court and jury! From the day I read the account of the mur- der I fully believed that the elder Mongomery, convinced of his son's guilt, would, in some way or other, by hook or by crook, by pardon or by bribery of the jailor, see to it that Fog- ler made his escape, and was not made the scape goat for a greater criminal. But the hair of my head stands straight with horror as I see in the confession evidence that the two "lawyers," Ruth and Little, were assign- ed to Fogler as attorneys, not to defend the poor wretch, but to make a mere bridge of him over which young Montgomery could make his escape from the gallows. To say nothing of the *crime* of this arrangement on the part of W. Montgomery and these two "gentlemen of the bar," how inexpressibly *mean* and *treach- erous* it was. The Montgomery boys are hon- estly born! I would rather to-day have the reputation of Fogler, and fill his grave at Georgetown, as an executed murderer, and take his chance for the world to come, than stand in the shoes of the Montgomeries, father and sons, or of these two attorneys. Fogler is dead, but where on earth can these men go to rid themselves of the reproaches of their own consciences and the scorn of all honorable men? The Hon. W. Montgomery has made an attempt to invalidate the statements in Fog- ler's confession, which shows that even his skill as a county court lawyer has forsaken him in the defence he makes. But I will venture to say that ninety-nine men out of every hundred who make themselves familiar with the case will be leve Fogler instead of Montgomery. The first had no earthly or any other interest in lying, the latter has every motive in the world, but one, to do so.

Now, Mr. Editor, what farmer is safe in his house at night if it be suspected that he has a few hundreds of dollars in his possession?— Born in Washington and Beaver counties how many robberies of this kind have been com- mitted, and how few have been punished!— If such men as those who by Fogler's confes- sion were concerned in the murder of Dinsmore are still allowed to go at large, on account of the "glorious uncertainty of the law," will not we defenceless farmers be compelled to form our- selves into *Vigilance Committees* and protect ourselves *aghinst* such villains? I am glad you are going to publish even a part of Fog- ler's confession. The rural population of Beaver county, hundreds of whom read the *Argus*, and all of whom are completely at the mercy of the wicked, have an interest in knowing how plans to murder farmers are concocted in Washington county, and how the murderers go unwhipt of justice. Besides this, the body of the poor man lies in our soil and his friends have a right to lay his dying words before our people, so that they may form correct judgment as to the amount of his guilt.

A FARMER.

SUNDAY LOAFERS.—Beaver, like almost all other towns of the same size, is afflicted with a few Sunday corner loafers. These idlers meet at some convenient corner, as soon as they get themselves "fixed up," on Sunday morning, and there they stand and stare at every church-going lady that passes that way; and not unfrequently, too do they make remarks that should bring up- on them punishment of the severest character. Some of these engage in this unmannerly and pernicious habit with a full knowledge of its meaness; while others do so, more through thoughtlessness than anything else.— To these latter we commend the following lines, which we clip from an exchange, while speaking of the same intolerable nuisance:

"He was standing on the corner,
In the place where loafers meet,
And he watched the dressy damsels,
As they waded o'er the street.
From his mouth came inuendos,
And his eyes were open wide,
As on tiptoe they came dancing
O'er the muddy, sloppy tide;
When a lady and her daughter,
Stepping carefully along,
Closely veiled from street inspection,
Heard his slimy, venomed tongue;
Then the little veils were lifted,
And with shame his head he hung,
For his mother and his sister
Thus had struck the speaker dumb."

A JUMPING MATCH.—Robt. Way of Pitts- burgh, an aspirant for muscular honors, recent- ly challenged any man in the United States to a jumping match. His challenge is accepted, as appears from the subjoined letter published in last week's New York *Clipper*.

WEST FARMINGTON, N. Y., May 16th, 1867.

DEAR CLIPPER:—I see by your paper of May 11th that Bob Way challenges any man in the United States to jump. I will accept Mr. Way's challenge to jump him one single jump for one thousand dollars a side, with the understand- ing that I will give him one hundred dollars to have the jump come off in New York City, or I will take the same and have the jump come off at the place he desires. This is to defray ex- penses to the party that gets beat. We are ready to put up at any time he accepts.

Yours Respectfully,
NORMAN P. BORTLE.

THE CORONERS INQUEST!

We briefly stated in last week's *Argus* that the body of Thos Middleton of Fallston, who disappeared so mysteriously last November, had been found near Mr. Dinsmore's in Virginia, some two weeks before the inquest was held over it there at the time it was found, and a verdict of "came to his death by vio- lence" was rendered. But who the murdered man was, or whence the body came, were matters unknown to the Virginia Jury. These facts afterwards came to the knowledge of the Middleton family at Fallston, and the sons of the missing man repaired to New Cumberland, and at once were satisfied that the body over whom the inquest had there been held, was that of their father. They immediately bro't it home, and a second inquest was held, this time at the late residence of the deceased in Fallston Borough, Tuesday, May 21st, and was composed of Coroner M'Coy, Dr. Garrard, Wm. Henry, Thomas Henry, Frederick Kat- tarrar, Mr. Henderson and Mr. Brumlee, all with the exception of the Coroner, residents of the Borough of Fallston. A *post mortem* examination was made by Drs. M'Kinney, Stanton and Jackson, in the presence of a large number of spectators. Considering the time the body was in the water, it was in a remarkable state of preservation, showing that it was not exposed long to the air, and must have been sunk during most of the time. The first witnesses called, were the sons and other relatives and friends of the deceased, as to the identity. There was no difficulty in establishing the fact. Every person who saw the body, recognized at once from the size of features, whiskers, hair, teeth, &c., and the friends identified the stockings, garters, shoes and the part of shirt left there being no oth- er articles of clothing on the body when found. The physicians having concluded the exami- nation, were next called, and testified that they had made a thorough and careful examin- ation and, were satisfied that death had result- ed from violence. They had found two wounds on the body, one in each breast, and one through the left hand, made by a sharp instru- ment. And the wound in left hand and right breast, bore unmistakable evidence of having been made at one place, while the hand was raised over the breast. Their examination of those wounds satisfied them that they were made in the lifetime of deceased, but that they were not sufficient to produce death. They also found on the neck clear evidence of strangulation, and an examination of the brain satisfied them that death had resulted from that cause. This is a brief summary of their tes- timony, all three agreeing in every particu- lar, and was to all who heard, conclusive evi- dence that Thomas Middleton had been mur- dered. Having reached this conclusion, the Inquest summoned witnesses to ascertian, if possible, who were guilty of the murder.— Two days have been spent and a large num- ber of witnesses examined, but as yet no definite result reached. It was proven that *the night he was missing*, he was at the Tav- ern of James Parris, in Brighton township, until after eleven o'clock, when he started for home. He had been drinking, but was not intoxicated, he was able to walk as usual. In a few minutes afterwards a man was heard hallowing near Brady's Run, and within a hundred yards of the Tavern. He was heard by a dozen or more persons living around, and the time it lasted was variously estimated at from five minutes to an hour. Yet strange as it may seem, no one went to his assistance, al- though *three men* were so much alarmed, that they got up, lit their lamps, and listened un- til the crying ceased. By some it was regarded as the cry of one in distress, and by others, as the language of abuse. One wit- ness who lived within a hundred feet of where his hat was found, testified that the last words uttered were, "God have mercy." At first the cry was very loud, so loud as to be heard across the creek, a distance of nearly half a mile, arouse the neighbors out of a sound sleep, and gradually growing fainter until it was heard no more. Wash Gordon testified that he found Middleton's hat next day, near Brady's Run Bridge, and within three feet of the water, but saw no other traces. His account was at best contradictory and unsatisfactory. There is testimony sufficient to excite suspicion as to two or three persons, but we deem it prudent to say nothing more of this at present. The testimony has not yet closed, and something more definite may yet be developed. We trust the Inquest will make their examination thorough, and not conclude so long as there is a probability of unraveling this mystery. Public justice de- mands that no efforts be spared, not only to fathom the mystery, but to bring the guilty parties to justice. Never were our citizens so excited over a crime, and they will not be satisfied with anything short of extraordinary efforts to ferret out the criminals. We may, if the interests of pub- lic justice permit, give more of the testimony taken before the inquest, when their labors close.

AGRICULTURAL.—The Board of Managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society, met in the Sheriffs Office, in the Borough of Beaver, on Saturday the 25th ult. Manag- ers present, Hugh Anderson, J. C. Wilson, Henry G ehring, Samuel Gibson, Ruel R. Wray, John Baxter, R. R. McDonald, Joseph Ledlie, W. A. Laird, Robert Potter, J. A. Fleming, and J. R. Harrah.

When it was Resolved, that a Committee, to consist of Samuel Gibson, J. R. McDonald, W. A. Laird, and Ruel Wray, wait upon Aaron Moore, to ask that he give assurance within three weeks from this time, that his contract with the Board of Managers, in rela- tion to the building and erection of a House, shall be complied with before the time of hold- ing our next Fair, or else they shall adver- tise, and re-let the said contract at the end of three weeks from this time.

Resolved, that Mr. Gualtig shall report in what the services of a Band of Musicians can be obtained for during two days of the Fair.

Resolved, that Hugh Anderson shall secure a Speaker to deliver an address on the occa- sion.

Mr. Baxter and Mr. Wray are appointed a Committee to revise and complete a premium list.

W. A. Laird, and J. R. Harrah are ap- pointed a Committee on printing, and in- structed.

Resolved, that all minister of the Gospel shall receive a Family Ticket free of charge, by calling on the Treasurer.

Resolved, that each member of the Board of Managers shall act as a Policeman, on the Fair Grounds during the three days of the fair.

Adjourned to meet in the Sheriff's Office, in Beaver, on the last Saturday of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M. J. R. HARRAH, Sec'y.

THE PENNSYLVANIA WAR!

A Card.

MAY 27, 1867.

We the undersigned, officers and members of the 10th P. R. C., of which Mr. J. R. Fog- ler was sutler, regret to learn that some evil- designed person or persons have circulated a report that he had sold liquor to the soldiers. There is not the shadow of truth in the assertion, but on the contrary he refused when requested to do so by the officers in com- mand of the brigade. And further, we know that on an investigation instituted by Congress to ascertain who was guilty of so doing, he was the *only one* in the army of the Potomac who did not sell it, which is a matter of record at Washington City. And we take pleasure in further stating that he never sold any goods on the Sabbath day.

Respectfully,
JAMES T. KIRK,
late Col. 10th Reg't P. R. C.,
C. W. McDOWELL,
Capt. Co. D., 10th Pa.,
and 29 others.

FOGLER'S CONFESSION.—Much of our paper is this week taken up with the confession of Robt. Fogler. After this confession was pub- lished in the Washington papers, the Hon. Wm Montgomery caused a counter statement to ap- pear, in which he charged Fogler's confession to be the work of other parties, gotten up for the purpose of injuring himself and family.— The witnesses to the signing of Fogler's con- fession then came forward and published the following card, which is certainly conclusive on the subject, and leaves Montgomery and his sons, together with Fogler's counsel, in just the attitude they were placed in by his con- fession.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Our names having appeared as subscribing witnesses to the published confession of Robt. Fogler, who was executed on Wednesday, the 15th inst., for the murder of Mr. Dinsmore, we deem it due to the public, as well as our- selves, to make a brief statement showing how we came to stand in that relation to the de- ceased.

On the 15th of April, at the request of Fo- gler, we went to his cell, when he produced a lengthy manuscript which he stated was his confession, written by himself, and which he asked the privilege of reading to us. He then read it all over carefully in our hearing, from beginning to end, and at the close, in response to questions propounded to him by one of our number, assured us most positively that it was dictated and written wholly by himself—that he had drawn it up entirely of his own free will and accord, without the slightest influ- ence or dictation, or even so much as a suggestion from any quarter. Having signed it in our presence, we at his instance appended our names to it as witnesses. Specially enjoin- ing it upon us all not to make it public until after his death, he then entrusted it to the keeping of one of our number, (Robert Dou- gan) in whose custody it remained constantly from that time, until the day of execution, when he requested the privilege of taking it with him to the scaffold, and after re-affirm- ing its truthfulness, he wished to hand it over as his dying statement, in presence of the spectators assembled.

With a view to its publication as soon as possible after the execution took place, a copy was made for the purpose of being placed in the hands of the printer, special pains being taken to make no alteration whatever, save to correct the orthography and attend to the mat- ter of punctuation, in which latter respect the original was wholly deficient. The confes- sion as published, is an exact copy of the or- iginal, the only difference being in the par- ticulars already mentioned. The manuscript as written by Fogler, himself, is still at the store of Robert Dougan, where it is open to the inspection of any one who may want to compare it with the confession as given to the public through the papers.

ROBERT DOUGAN,
W. B. WATKINS,
JOSEPH D. HERR,
M. H. CLARK,
J. R. WILSON.

Washington, Pa., May 21 1867.

EDITOR ARGUS:—As there is a report in circulation that I had made an arrangement in case of my nomination and election to the office of Treasurer of Beaver county to get Thomas McCreery to become surety for me on condition that I would employ his son-in-law, Capt. H. M. Donehoo, as my assistant, I de- sire you to publish the following affidavit in refutation of the slander. No such an arrange- ment was ever made or spoken of, and further, the report industriously circulated by my en- emies that I had voted the Democratic ticket is equally without foundation.

J. BARNES.

PENNSYLVANIA, BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—

Before the subscriber a Justice of the Peace in and for said county personally appeared, Thomas M'Creary a resident of the Borough of Beaver who being duly sworn according to law, deposes and says, that the report in cir- culation that he was to become bail of Capt. E. Barnes, in case of his election to the Office of Treasurer of Beaver County, on condition that Capt. H. M. Donehoo should be retained as assistant or clerk in his office, is wholly without foundation. That no such arrange- ment was ever made or spoken of.

Sworn and subscribed }
before me May 27, '67. } THOS. McCREERY.

D. L. IMBRIE.

MARRIED.

May 20, 1867, by Rev. N. P. Kerr, Mr. WM. USELTON and Miss MARGARET DAVIS, all of Moon tp., Beaver Co., Pa.

May 2d, 1867, by Rev. John R. Sloats, Mr. THOS. WALKINS to Miss MARTHA ROBISON, both of Beaver Co., Pa.

May 21st, 1867, at the Doncaster House in Rochester, by Rev. John R. Sloats, Mr. THOS. H. TODD to Miss SARAH E. TODD, both of Beaver Co., Pa.

At the National Hotel, May 21, 1867, by the Rev. J. M. Smith, Mr. A. C. FINNEY of Clark- son Ohio, to Miss. C. M. RAIL, of Beaver Co. Pa.

DIED.

On the 16th inst., at the Beaver County Poor House, Mr. HENRY OLDHAM aged 72 years.

On Friday, May 24th, 1867, at his late resi- dence, in the Borough of Rochester, STEVENS DUNBAR, Esq., Aged 73 years.

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

F. A. Fortune's

—IN THE—

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER,

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
and NEW MUSLINS.

—AT—

Greatly Reduced PRICES!

NEW MILLINERY GOODS!

Having secured the Agency for the

Empire Sewing Machine!

I respectfully solicit an examination of the same by the public.

This Machine is constructed on a new prin- ciple of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examin ed by the most profound experts, and pro- nounced to be simplicity and perfection com- bined.

In a mechanical point of view, the advan- tages we claim for the "EMPIRE MACHINE," are—

1st.—The method of driving the Needle Bar by a compound crank, which produces the same action as heretofore obtained by means of a Cam; but in a more durable and noiseless manner.

2d.—We use a rotating shaft above the ta- ble, and thus are enabled to give all the room required under the arm; without detri- ment to the durability of Machines: having a bearing directly over the Needle Bar.

3d.—Our Feed Wheel is a friction feed, and so constructed that there is but one joint in transmitting the motion from the rock shaft to the wheel, and unlike all others, cannot be effected by oil or dust.

4th.—The Rock Shaft that works the Feed motion also drives the Shuttle. The bearings of this Shaft and Centres are hardened steel and adjustable, so that we can take up the lost motion at will.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines:

1. Excessive fatigue to the operator.
2. Liability to get out of order.
3. Expense, trouble, and loss of time in repairing.
4. Incapacity to sew every description of material.
5. Disagreeable noise while in operation.

The Empire Sewing Machine is Exempt from all these Objections.

It has a straight needle, perpendicular ac- tion, makes the LOCK OR SHUTTLE STITCH, which will NEITHER RIP NOR RAVEL, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nansook Muslin, with cotton, linen, or silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number.

IT HEMS, FELLS, BINDS, BRAIDS, TUCKS, QUILTS, PLAITS, and GATHERS.

Having neither CAM NOR COG WHEEL, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is

Practically a Noiseless Machine.

F. A. Fortune's,

RED FRONT,

DRY GOODS STORE,

ROCHESTER, PA.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY!

EXTENSIVE WAR PREPARATIONS!

ARMS & AMUNITION FOR 100,000 MEN!

Impending Movement on Canada. W. F. Clarke sells Fine Groceries at Lowest rates. 2d door above Post Office, Beaver, Pa.

☞ Farmers will do well to call and see the Superior Stock of Groceries, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ Maple Sugar cheap, at Wilson & Brown's.

TO TEACHERS & SCHOLARS: Peirces Patent Slates, Cheap, Durable and Neat. Call & see them; a great variety of sizes & styles at W. F. CLARKE'S, 2d door above Post Office, Beaver, Pa.

☞ Best No. 1 N. O. Molasses, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ The place to buy good & cheap Groce- ries, is at Wilson & Brown's, Bridgewater, Pa.

DO YOU WANT GOOD GROCERIES? The best place to which we can recomend you is W. F. Clarke's New Store, 2d door above Post Of- fice, Beaver, Pa.

☞ Canned Fruit of all kind, at Wilson & Brown's.

☞ The Lock that kept the Burglars out at F. A. Fortunes.
2 Cases Good Prints—12 cts.
2 Bales Yard Wide Sheeting—15 cts.

☞ Don't forget to call on Wilson & Brown, for good Coffee, Tea & Sugar.

☞ The person or persons, who forgot a *Block of Hickory* at F. A. Fortunes, Red Front, Dry Good Store, in Rochester, on the Night of May 25th, can have the same by call- ing during business hours.

☞ Wilson & Brown next door to A. C. Hurst's Dry Goods Store, Bridgewater, Pa.

☞ All kinds of twine Bed Cords, Fish Lines, Clothes Lines, rope, &c., &c., at Wilson & Brown's.

Special Notices.

Great Opening of Millinery Goods,

Direct from the Manufacturers,

At F. A. Fortune's

RED FRONT DRY GOODS STORE,

In the Diamond, Rochester.

Sundowns, Vestas, Restori, Fleetwing, Rain- bows, Nobby and Florita, in great variety and colors, the latest productions and novelties of the season, at prices that will astonish those wishing to purchase anything in the millinery line. Also a complete stock of trimming, bonnet, ribbons, and full line bugle gimps in crystal, amber and black. This stock will be open for inspection on May 29th. All those wishing goods of this kind will do well by calling early and getting the first choice, at F. A. Fortune's Red Front Dry Goods Store, in the Diamond, Rochester.

(Sundowns with 50 inch Rims cheap.)

☞ Orders promptly filled by Wilson & Brown.

☞ Best No. 1 Spices of every description, at Wilson & Brown's.

John Barlow
vs.
William Barlow, Ann Warhurst, David Bar- low, Thos. Barlow, Es- ther Kenyon, Rachel Jackson, Sarah Barnes, John Barlow, Thomas Smith, William, John, Sidney and Jonas Smith, Sarah Hatfield, William Pullen, James Pullen, Mary Whitehead, Es- ther Woolley, Samuel Parkinson, Lavina Mor- ginson, Jane Ingham, Rachel Darbyshire, Wil- liam Smith, Jonathan Smith and Jonas Scho- field.

Summons in Partition.

May 2, 1867, Deed from Sheriff Littell to Benjamin Pontefact acknowl- edged. Same day, on motion of Sheriff Lit- tell, J. R. Harrah, Esq., appointed an Audi tor to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff.

Beaver County, ss:

A true extract from the Record.
Attest:
M. WEYAND,
Prothonotary.

SEAL.

The Auditor above named will meet the par- ties interested, for the purpose of his appoint- ment, at his office, in the Borough of Beaver, on Thursday the 6th day of June, 1867, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time and place, all persons having any claims against the estate of Hannah Jackson, dec'd, are hereby notified to attend.

J. R. HARRAH,
may15'67—3t. Auditor.

Hubbard Mowers & Reapers!

The Best Machines in the U. States!

AT the Great National Field trial of Mow- ers and Reapers, held at Auburn, N. Y. July, 1866, and lasting three weeks, Grand Gold Medal and highest premium was awarded to the Hubbard Combined Mower & Reaper with self-rake attached, as the best Combined Ma- chine. At the Grand Mowing trial of the Franklin Institute, held at Syracuse, N. Y. in August, 1865, the first premium Grand Gold Medal was awarded to the Hubbard.— The Hubbard also took for six successive years the first premium at the Ohio State Fairs.— For Sale by SARVEY M'COWN, Eagle Valley Pa. [may 22, 1867—2.

Something WONDERFUL,

AT

GEALY'S

NEW MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

(2 DOORS BELOW STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S, WATER STREET, BRIDGEWATER.

N. B. I HAVE REMOVED to the room formerly occupied by J. Dickey, on Water St., Bridgewater, where I will be glad to see all my old custo- mers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid stock of latest spring styles of Millinery Trimmings, &c which will be sold very cheap.

Millinery

Of every description, silk and straw bonnets, Ladies and Misses hats, ribbons, flowers ru- ches, &c., &c.

Trimmings.

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques, Gimps, cords, laces, chenille sutaes, ruffles, bust tons, &c.

BALMORAL & HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETTS, BELTS, BUCKLES, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gents' and Ladies' Paper Collars,

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECKTIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAW- ERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &C.

Hosiery & Gloves,

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS,

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS VERY CHEAP.

SHOES.

Just received a large lot very cheap, call and see.

MILLINERY.

Bonnets altered and cleaned, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

☞ Remember the place—two doors be- low Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery Store, Water street, Bridgewater, Pa.

WATT GEALY.

THE PLACE TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS!

CALL AND

SEE THEM!

HAVING recently purchased a complete and fine assortment of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
GROCERIES, &c.

We are prepared to sell at astonishing low prices.

Prints	10 cents.
Ginghams	18 "
Brown Muslin	12½ "
Bleached "	" "

Other goods in proportion.

Call and see our goods. No charges for showing them. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

ORR & DAWSON,
may8'67—3mos. Third st., Beaver.

Trial List for June Term, 1867.

2D MONDAY.

Comm. of Penn., use,	vs. G. W. Shrodes.
Nancy Ewing, *et. al.*	" Jos. Fronk, *et. al.*
H. Kinsey & wife.	" Thos. Pee & wife.
H. F. Price & Co.	" Smith & Reno.
same.	" J. F. Williams & Co.

3D MONDAY.

Robert Morgan	vs. Hugh Anderson.
James Collins & Co.	" Wm. M. Shirls.
John Beatty's Exec'r.	" N.C.&B.V.R.R. Co.
Haberman & Co.	" John Graham, *et. al.*
Samuel Morrow	" Thos. Greenlee.
Henry Barr.	" Geo. W. Barclay.
G. W. Alexander's hrs	" A. J. Chambers, *et. al.*
W. H. Denny's heirs	" G. W. Hamilton.
Thos. H. Jackson	" W. S. Morlan, *et. al.*

M. WEYAND,
may15'67. Prothonotary.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the County of Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12TH, A. D., 1867, for confirmation and allowance.

First and final account of James Sprout, administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo*, of Joseph Walker, dec'd.

First and final account of John P. Brunton, executor of the last will of Mary Brunton, dec'd.

Final account of Rebecca Alliband, administratrix of the estate of John Alliband, dec'd.

Account of James Ramsey, Guardian of Elizabeth Carothers, minor daughter of Jas. Carothers, dec'd.

The account of John M'Murtrie, administrator of the estate of Horrace M'Murtrie, dec'd.

First and final account of Peter Crowl, administrator of the estate of Samuel M'Connell, dec'd.

Final account of John Keelin, Adm'r of the estate of Chas. M. Keelin, dec'd.

First and final account of David Reed and Robt. Scott, executors of the last will of Hon. John Scott, dec'd.

First and final account of David Kennedy, administrator of the estate of Eugene K. Fleeson, dec'd.

Final account of Dr. Thos. F. Robinson, Guardian of Henry Smith, one of the children of Henry Smith, dec'd.

Final account of Dr. Thomas F. Robinson, Guardian of Isaac Smith, one of the minor children of Henry Smith, dec'd.

Final account of Samuel Piersoll, Guardian of Wm. C. Stewart, minor child of Francis P. Stewart, dec'd.

First and final account of Adam Henderson, executor of the last will of Jno. Henderson, dec'd.

Account of Jno B. Crooks, Guardian of Isabella Craig, minor daughter of James Craig, dec'd.

Account of Robt. Wilson, Guardian of Patterson P. Rowe, minor son of Jane Calvin, dec'd.

First and final account of James Ferguson, executor of last will of Stanton Gordon, dec'd.

Account of John Slentz, administrator of the estate of John Reed, dec'd.

Account of John Slentz, administrator of the estate of Rebecca Reed, dec'd.

Personal and real estate accounts of Edward Hoops and Jas. C. Ferguson, executors of last will of James Ferguson, dec'd.

Account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Jacob Warner, dec'd

Account of J. C. Wilson, executor of the last will of James M'Cullough, dec'd.

Account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Hon. Thomas Cunningham, dec'd.

The account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate Wm. T. Morrow, dec'd.

Account of Enos Hill, administrator of the estate of Alfred C. Hill, dec'd.

Account of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will of John Walton, dec'd.

Account of Amos Doutt, Guardian of Amos Doutt, minor son of Amon Doutt, dec'd.

Final account of Eliza Wallace, administratrix of the estate of John Wallace, dec'd.

Account of E. P. Townsend, executor of the last will of Benj'n. Townsend, dec'd.

Account of R. Duncan, ex'r of last will of Jno. Russell, dec'd.

Account of Robt. W. Stewart, ex'r. of the last will of Mary Jane Stevenson, dec'd.

Account of Eliza Wallace, adm'rx of the estate of John Wallace, dec'd.

Account of Geo. Badders, Guardian of Samuel Shearer, minor son of Joseph Shearer, dec'd.

Account of Jno. Caughey, surviving ex'r. of the last will of Samuel Smith, dec'd.

Account of W. H Frazier, adm'r. of the estate of Jno Gibb, dec'd.

Real Estate account of Wm. H. Frazier, trustee, appointed by Orphans, Court, in the estate of Jno. Gibb, dec'd.

D. SINGLETON.
may16'67. Register.

E. MILLER. W. DOLBY. CHAS. LUKENS.

M. MILLER & CO!

Rochester Planing, Sash and Door Mill.

Rochester, Beaver county, Pa

(Near Railroad Depot.)

MANUFACTURERS of, and dealers in Planed Lumber, Dressing, Flooring, Siding, Shelving, Doors, Sash, hutters, &c. &c.

Contractors and Builders!

Also proprietors of Lake & Rhinesmith's Patent Weather-Boarding, Patented May 1st, 1866, for the exteror of houses, &c. This siding consists in forming the various strips of boards of a level or tapering shape across its entire width, with lower or thicker edge, made with a suitable moulding to impart a finished and neat appearance. Shop rights for the manufacture and use of this siding in Beaver county, will be sold reasonable.

Having had much experience in building, and the Lumber business generally added to our new facilities for its manufacture, we feel confidence in inviting our old friends and patrons to call and examine for themselves, before contracting elsewhere.

apr 10'67—tf.

CONVERSION OF 7 3-10S.

IN reply to numerous inquiries in regard to the manner of converting the August 7 3-10s into the new 5-20 Gold Coupon Bond we make the following statement for the benefit of the holders of 7 3-10s, who may not be informed:

The Government computes the interest on both bonds in currency from the date of the maturity of the last coupon, allowing seven and three-tenths on the 7 3-10s, and charging six per cent on the 5-20s. For example: you sent to Washington $1,000 7 3-10 Bond which reaches there on

May 1st	$1,000
14 days interest (From Feb. 15.)	14 80
5-20s	$1,000
119 days interest (from Janlst)	19 56
(This is counted at 365 days per annum)	1,019 56
Allowed for 7 3-10,	1,014 80
You pay Government	4 76

It will be seen by this that the Gold interest is given as currency, which is of itself a profit to the party converting the 7 3-10s of nearly eight dollars per $1,000, aside from the fact that at the present rate of Gold, the 5-20s pay over 8 per cent. per annum.

We are converting the 7 3-10s on much better terms than the Government, as the present buying and selling rates enables us to allow the holder of the 7 3-10s a better figure than has yet been offered by any one as a commission.

We also exchange the new 5-20 bond for the other Series of 7 3-10s on the most favorable terms.

Parties exchanging through us, in addition they to getting much better terms than they can from the Government, will have their 5-20s delivered to them immediately, thus saving delay. We also register any bonds sent to us without charge. On all bonds sent us by express we pay charges both ways, and send bonds promptly as directed.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successor to S. Jones & Co.)
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth and Wood streets,
may1—2m Pittsburgh, Pa.

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES.
PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; heeseman's, $1: Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of
Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.
ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more

Dec18,'65. J. MOORE.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH
BY BUYING
Pure Medicines.
AT
LOUIS BREHM & CO.

IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.
(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store)
Can be found a full assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, and
FINE LIQUORS;
Also, a full Assortment of
WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS,
LINSEED OIL,
NEAT'S FOOT OIL,
SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
CARBON OIL,
AND
PURE AND SECOND QUALITY
WHITE LEAD:
ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS.
ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,
THE BEST PERFUMERY
FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,
AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS
FOR THE HAIR,
All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.
ALSO, SIGAR & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

LOUIS BREHM & CO.
Aug. 29th, 1866—1y.

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS
AT REDUCED PRICES!

Of our own manufacture and warranted.

PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
DINING ROOM,
and CHAMBER SUITS,
In every variety and style.
SCHOOLS,
HOTELS,
STEAMBOAT,
and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,
Furnished on most reasonable terms.

T. B. YOUNG & CO,
88 & 40 Smithfield st.,
mar20'67 6mos. Pittsburg, Pa.

Geo. C. Speyerer,

Corner of Water and Jane's Street

ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

HAVING returned from the east, I am now opening a large and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS

Which were bought at panic prices, and which will be sold at the lowest possible rates. My stock consists of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Notions, &c., &c., and all articles usually kept in a first class store.

apr3'67—3mos.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 139 Sept. T. 1861.

In the matter of the individual assignment in Trust of Wm. E. Rhodes, late of the firm of Kirk & Rhodes.

Notice is hereby given that the Final Account of Tho's. J. Power, B. B. Chamberlin, and Geo. F. Gillmore, Assignees of the personal individual trust above named, has been filed in the Prothonatary's office and that the same will be confirmed on the first day of next Term, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

M. WEYAND, Pro'y.
May 15, 1867.—3t.

PLEASE STOP!

And examine our large Stock of Winter Goods, to be closed out astonishing CHEAP.

TO READ THIS

Will be of great advantage to the people of Beaver county in purchasing GOOD GOODS at a GREAT REDUCTION.

AND CONSIDER

That we have bought our stock since the late decline; the same consisting of

French Merinos,	Prints,
Coburgs,	Flannels,
Paris Plaids,	Ticking,
Poplins,	Table Linen,
Poplin Stripes,	Muslins,
Empress Cloth;	Shawls
All Wool Delaines,	Blankets,
Delaines,	Gloves,
Ginghams,	Hoods & Scarfs,

Together with an endless variety of Foreign and Domestic Goods, all of which will positively be sold *regardless to cost, in order to close out our whole Stock.* In giving us a call, you will find us always in readiness to show our goods with pleasure, and then leave it to

YOUR OWN

judgment. Finally, we would say that we guarantee full satisfaction regarding the quality of Goods, and particularly the extremely low prices of the same, both of these facts will be to your own

INTEREST.

We shall be happy to attend to all wishing to favor us with their patronage.
Very respectfully,

NELSON & ROESSLER,
In the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

BRIDGEWATER

Marble Works.

D. WOODRUFF,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

hop opposite Dr Smith's Drug tore, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

July 25, '66:1y D. WOODRUFF.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Has received a fresh supply of

Cranberries,	Hominy
Canned Peaches,	Turkey Prunes,
" Tomatoes,	Layer Raisins.
" Green Corn,	Seedless Raisins,
" Plums,	English Currants,
Dried Corn,	Goshen Cheese,
" Peaches,	Sweet Potatoes,
Pickles,	No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment os Teas, ugar, and Coffee.

☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
nov28 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

Rochester Marble Works.

W H. MARSHALL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments & Head Stones

DEALER IN

ITALIAN & AMERICAN MARBLE

Marble Mantles, Marble and Stone Fencing and Posts for Cemetery Lots Made to Order.

I AM now prepared to offer to the public, a large and superior stock of plain and ornamental head stones of the very latest styles and superior finish, and for which I am selling 25 per cent. less for cash, than any other firm in the State. I respectfully invite those wishing anything in my line, to call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined not to be under sold.

mar6'67.—3mos.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate WILLIAM MCCLELLAN, late of Pulaski tp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

FRANK M'CLELLAN, New Brighton,
WM. M'CLELLAN, Pulaski tp.
may15—'67. Executors.

HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE,
IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
MASONS' TOOLS,
SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,
SADDLERS' TOOLS,
PLASTERERS' TOOLS,
MINERS' TOOLS.
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
BRENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,
LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,
PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,
COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
HORSE SHOES & NAILS,
TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUT,
CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.
ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.
jan2,'67.

LICENSE NOTICE.

LIST of Applicants for License at June Term, 1867.

HOTELS, &c.

William M'Cown	Darlington boro
David Johnston	Big Beaver twp.
James Doncaster	Rochester boro.
Andrew Swaney	Green twp.
David Magaw	New Brighton boro.
John H. Camp	Rochester "
Jas. P. Parris	Brighton twp.
Mike Camp, Jr.	Rochester boro.
Adam Johnston	Rochester "

EATING HOUSES.

Rebecca Alliband	Darlington boro.
Adam Gress	Beaver Falls City.
Jacob Longenecker	Fallston boro.
Ellen Rufer	Phillipsburg boro.
Nathan M'Cown	Darlington "
John Aber	Industry twp.
J. I. Davis	Big Beaver twp.
Francis Blount	New Brighton.
Alexander Devine	" "

TO SELL LIQUOR IN QUANTITIES NOT LESS THAN ONE QUART, TOGETHER WITH OTHER WARES AND MERCHANDISE.

C. F. Kearcher	Phillipsburg boro.
Peter Angel	Bridgewater "
Geo. C. Speyerer	Rochester "

JOHN A. FRAZIER,
may22'67—3t: Clerk.

BEATE A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTfully inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Chil ren's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers.—*All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 Doors East
of H. B. Anderson's Store,
jan9,67. Beaver, Pa.

PERRY BROWN.....HARTFORD BROWN.

P. Brown & Son.

ROCHESTER, PA.,
(Near Mr. Cross' Store.)

WHOLESALE and Retail manufacturers of Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron ware, and dealers in Japaned, Planished and Pressed ware, and house furnishing articles generally, also Stoves and Hard ware. All orders promptly attended to. [mar6,'67.—3m [no

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JAMES LIVERMY, late of Rochester boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAB RILEY,
ALEX. F. SMITH, } Ex'rs.
apr24'67 New Brighton.

BEAVER FALLS MILL.

THE BEAVER FALLS MILL COMPANY have their *NEW MILL* completed, and in successful operation. In addition to *Merchant Work* they are prepared to do all kinds of *Custom Work*, in the best manner, and on short notice.

The highest market price will be paid in CASH for all kinds of Grain delivered at the Mill. [may1'67:3m

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES TENNIS late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay, to

may1'67 SAMUEL TENNIS, Adm'r.

NEW ARRIVAL S. J. CROSS & CO.,

AT

Mulheim's Store,
IN BRIDGEWATER, PA.

25,000 Rolls of WALL APER,

Of the latest styles and patterns just from NEW YORK!

The subscriber again thanks his numerous friends for their former patronage. Anticipating their wants and tastes, I visited New York and closely selected one of the largest stock of

VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Ever brought to the county, consisting of

Traveling Sacks,	*Ladies' Satchels,*
Fancy Goods,	*Children's Carriages,*
Books, Stationery,	*Carpeting, Oil Cloths.*
Window Blinds,	*Rugs, Brushes, &c.,*

All of which I will sell cheaper than they can be purchased for in the city. Give me a call before buying elsewhere.

B. MULHEIM,
Bridge Street,
mar6,'67. Bridgewater, Pa.

CARPET STORE
Removal.
M'CALLUM BROTHERS

Will remove on March 1st, 1867, from 87 Fourth street, to their new and elegant Warehouse

NO. 51 FIFTH STREET,

ABOVE WOOD ST.,

PITTSBURG,

Built by them expressly for the accommodation of their large and increasing business. Having very superior facilities for business, they will keep constantly on hand, a large assortment of all goods pertaining to the CARPET BUSINESS, which they offer at WHOLESALE or RETAIL to the trade and public at lowest market rates.

McCALLUM BROTHERS.
mar6'67ly

SPRING TRADE!
1867.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.
No. 54
WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Have their stock open for trade.

GOOD GOODS!
AT
Reasonable Prices.
S. B. M'ELROY.
JAMES DICKSON.
JOHN T. SHANE.
mar13'67 3 m.

EDWARD FOERSTER,

DEALER IN

WALL PAPER, VARIETIES,

FANCY GOODS AND TOYS.

Gold, Glazed & Common wall Papers, Paper, Oil and Transparent Window Shades an Fixtures,

TABLE OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

164 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

J. L THOMPSON.....F. S. HAMILTON.

THOMPSON & HAMILTON,
Sharon, Beaver county, Pa.
(4th Door North of DARRAGH'S STORE.)

MANUFACTURERS of Fancy and Common Brooms, and dealers in Handles, Wire, Twine, &c., &c. All work warranted. Having purchased an excellent lot of Corn, and provided ourselves with all needed facilities, we flatter ourselves that all brooms manufactured by us will be found as good as the best, and cheap as the cheapest. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

ADDRESS—Box 17, Beaver, Pa.
apr3'67—3mos.

WILLIAM JONE :!
House, Sign & Ornamental
PAINTER.

Lettering of all Kinds Executed Promptly.

Carriage & Buggy Painting, &c.

Main St., New Brighton, Pa.
apr3'67.—3mos.

SPRING FASHIONS!
1867,
Bridge St. Bridgewater

NEW assortment of Millinery will be opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Gealy, on **THURSDAY, MARCH 14TH.** I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new stock of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will be pleased with an early call.

mar13'67.—1y. MRS. S. A. REES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN DOUDS, late of Moon township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. M. DOUDS,
THOMAS TODD, } Executors.
apr17'67t. Moon tp.

Secon ser above the Railroa,

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER. PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWTE MARKET PRICES,

A Complete and well Assorted Stock of

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,	
PRINTS,	GINGHAMS,
DeLAINE,	ALPACCAS,
COBURGS,	FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,	
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,	
BLACK SILK,	TIKING,
TABLING,	TOWELING,
CHEC K.	JEANT.
TWEEDS,	SATINETC,
CAI EBEZ,	BROADCLOTH,
LOAKING,	

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

ex's, Women's and Childrens Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted stock, consisting of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE,	BUTT,
FTRA HINGE,	SCREW,
HUTTER HINGE,	BOLT,
LOCKS,	NAIL, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all sizes, single and double strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of carpenters, contractors and Builders for

HARDWARE,
GLASS AND NAILS,
LINSEED OIL,
BENZINE,
COAT'S PATENT DYER,
WHITE LEAD,
PUTTY,
PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,
GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A fresh and full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

Choice Brands of

FLOUR,
IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,
LARD OIL,
QUEENSWARE,
STONE WARE, &c., &c.

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS is conveyancer—Agent of amuel imes and the Rochester Land Co.—Also Agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company.

Remember the place:
CROSS' STORE,
SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,
NEW YORK STREET,
Rochester, Pa.
jan2'67—1yr.

SHERIFF'S SAL

BY virtue of sundry writs of Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of County of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's office in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8TH, 1867,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All right, title, interest and claim of the defendant, of, in and to a certain tract of land in Chippewa township, Beaver county, bounded north by lands of William and others, east by lands of the Society and David Cochran's heirs, lands of Isaac Cox and C. M'Millen, by land of S. M'Conaughey and Cr heirs, containing 190 acres more or less, which is erected one log and one frame house, with cellar under each house, one log barn and other outbuildings, two orchards on the premises, acres cleared and under fence. The tract of land underlaid with coal.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Welsh, Jr., at the suit of M. Ross.

No. 2. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the title, interest and claim of Andrew Welsh, one of the defendants, of, in and to the following tract of land, situate in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded north by land of the heirs of Samuel Blair, east by Beaver Creek, on the west by Robert Kelso and on the south by heirs of Samuel Blair, containing 111 acres more or less, about 80 acres cleared; the entire farm under fence, and there is erected a good frame dwelling house, large frame barn and out-buildings, an orchard on the premises. The farm is watered with a three foot vein of coal.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Smiley, at the suit of Robert Beatty. Also; at the suit of Robert Smiley, administrator.

No. 3, ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the title, interest and claim of Margaret Welsh, one of the defendants, of in and to a certain lot of ground, being lot No. 87 in the borough of New Brighton, being 33 feet from the north side thereof, and extending north by lot No. 371, east by Third street, south by part of said lot No. 372, (now owned by Mr. Nair) and west by Second street; also, the other half of said lot No. 372, being 10½ feet more or less of the south side thereof, and bounded on the north by the north petition of said lot No. 372, by Third street, south by lot No. 371, and west by Second street. The two pieces above described, embrace the whole of No 372, on which there is erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings. Lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees.

Seized and taken as the property of Robert Wilson, at the suit of J. A. M'Gregor, administrator and Trustee, for use of E. A. guardian of minor children of J. A. M'Gregor, dec'd.

No. 5. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to Lot No. 20, in the borough of Fredonia, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the east by Victory street, on the south-west by Wheeley, on the north-west by lot No. 19, and north east by Main street; on which there is erected a large two story frame dwelling house with cellar under it. Also, a large frame brewery and fixtures. Lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees, grapes, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Lewis Epply, at the suit of M. C. Gall.

J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, May 22, '67.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of a certain writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's Office, in Beaver, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8TH, 1867,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following property, to wit:

All right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to the following tract of land situate in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the north by land of Nair, on the east by land of John Cochran, on the south by land of Andrew Welsh's heirs and others, and on the west by land of Welsh's heirs and the Harmony society; containing 100 acres, about 75 acres cleared; on which there is erected a two story stone house, log frame barn, wagon house, spring house, and other out-buildings. Good orchard on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Rachel Jane Cochran and Sarah Elizabeth Cochran, minors, whose guardian is John W. Welsh, at the suit of Sarah Cochran.

J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, May 22, '67.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, formerly the
DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 67 FOURTH Street, nearly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1861.

Six Per Cent Interest Allowed. Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

Books of By-laws, &c., furnished at the office, gratis.

This Institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
President—Geo. A. Berry.
V. Presidents—S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. E. M'Kinney.

A. Bradley,	Wm. K. Nimick,
A. S. Bell,	F. Rahm,
John S. Dilworth,	Josua Rhodes,
G. Follansbee,	John Scott.
Jas. L. Graham,	Robert C. Schmertz,
	Christopher Zug.

Solicitors—D. W. & J. S. Bell.
May 8 '67—1m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN CRAWFORD, late of Darlington tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

J. H. VEON, Adm'r.
apr17'67—6t. Enon Valley, Pa.

LIME! LIME!!

THE undersigned having purchased the "MULVANON PROPERTY," at Vanport, Beaver county, takes this means of informing the public, that he intends manufacturing and keeping constantly on hand, the very best article of lime to be found anywhere. Persons desiring it, can have it delivered by teams at the River, at the Depots, or at any place in the surrounding villages or country. Will be sold at reasonable rates.

apr17'67 2mos. W. J. DEVY